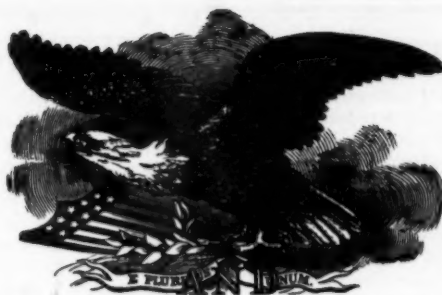


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This Week

By M. I. N. I.

Mindful of the sharp shaving the National Defense estimates have undergone in their trip through the bureau of the budget and the House and Senate, President Roosevelt has made it known that he does not expect to effect much savings in the Army and Navy in his campaign to slice 1938 expenditures ten per cent below appropriation totals. As a matter of fact, Mr. President, it's cheaper to maintain men in the services than it is on relief!

Army intelligence was taken over this week by Col. E. R. Warner, (FA), GSC, USA, who has assumed his new post as Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2.

Representative Melvin J. Maas, of Minnesota, protagonist of Navy and Marine Corps promotion reform, has been commissioned an Admiral in the Nebraska Navy. But those he would help still have to struggle from grade to grade to get their four stars.

Wishes for a successful administration go to Roy D. Hoggood, newly elected National Commander of the Regular Veterans Association. The firm ground work laid by Walter Johnson, first National Commander, remains as an inspiration for future progress.

Command of Destroyer Squadron Three passes to Capt. Andrew S. Hickey, USN, whose duty with the Naval Observatory fits him as one of the Navy's experts on navigational aids.

Is it the "Chemical Warfare Service," the "Chemical Service," or the "Chemical Corps"? Its officers and enlisted men will be satisfied with whatever name Congress decides to settle upon it provided funds sufficient for proper progress are forthcoming.

While the Navy and Coast Guard vessels sweep the seas for the lost Pacific fliers, two diligent press officers, Lt. Comdr. Leland L. Lovette, USN, and Lt. Comdr. George B. Gelly, USCG, work long, tedious hours to assure prompt, accurate information to the public. And Washington newsmen appreciate their aid!

With the Infantry Rifle Team already at nearby Erie Ordnance Depot, Camp Perry, Ohio, soon will begin the hum of activity that leads up to the National Rifle and Pistol Matches. Administration officers and participants will continue the trek that converges on Camp Perry by August 22.

Modified Army Housing Plan Passed by Budget

Administration approval was given this week to the \$21,400,000 Army housing bill, providing new barracks, quarters and service buildings at posts all over the continental United States and in Hawaii and the Panama Canal Zone.

Wasting no time, Representative Lister Hill, chairman of the House Military Committee and author of the bill, brought up the measure before his committee directly following receipt of word that the Bureau of the Budget had endorsed it. The measure was considered by a subcommittee yesterday and Chairman Hill stated that he expected that it would be reported to the House next Tuesday, July 13, when the full committee holds its next regular meeting.

"We had full hearings last year on a thirty million bill that comprised practically all of the projects included in this bill," Chairman Hill said. "Since then I have visited a number of Army posts and have gotten first hand information as to housing needs. So have other members of the committee. Representative Costello has visited many posts. I see no reason for any further extended hearings. I hope we can report the bill to the House next Tuesday."

The Hill bill contains many of the same projects that are carried in the Sheppard bill, which passed the Senate two weeks ago and now is before the

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Marine Staff Corps

At the conclusion of hearings marked by charges that Marine Corps selection boards have failed to carry out the law, the House Naval Committee voted to permit a limited number of Marine assistant quartermasters and paymasters to be promoted as extra numbers in grade.

The action of selection boards in recommending officers with predominantly line service over equally capable officers with extensive staff service, as revealed by Brig. Gen. Clayton B. Vogel, Adjutant and Inspector of the Corps, was declared by members of the committee to be in conflict with Marine Corps personnel act of 1934. After hearing testimony by General Vogel that he had voted for advancement of officers with extensive troop duty over officers with considerable staff service while serving as a member of selection boards and that other members of boards held the same view, Chairman Vinson declared that the law is clear that equal weight should be given to each type of service.

General Vogel's testimony marked one of the few occasions in which the veil of mystery which surrounds the operation of selection boards has been even partially lifted, and critics of the selection system were quick to point to the episode as evidence of the need of laying down more definite rules for the boards and more safeguards against arbitrary action. One close follower of the hearings on the Ditter resolution re-

(Continued on next Page)

House Gets Revamped Navy Personnel Bill

The revised draft of the Navy Department's bill to improve the selection system was submitted to Congress yesterday after two weeks of study and reconsideration.

As now drafted, the measure applies only to the Line of the Navy, the Staff Corps and the Marine Corps being exempted from its provisions. The problems of the Staff and the Marine Corps were considered by the Department as requiring special consideration. The Department thought the provisions of the proposed liberalization of the selection laws should be the question of separate legislation as they apply to the Staff and Marine Corps.

The content of the proposed bill has not yet been revealed, and while some intimation as to the provisions of the measure is known, it is emphasized that there may be changes before it is introduced. The bill has been prepared at the Navy Department for introduction by Representative Carl Vinson, Chairman of the House Naval Committee, and while rewritten to conform with his desires, the measure has the approval of the Bureau of Navigation. It has not been sent to the Bureau of the Budget.

Considerable speculation has been heard as to the contents of the departmental bill. It is understood to follow closely the provisions outlined in the Bureau of Navigation Circular Letter of May 10, 1937, as far as they apply to the Line of the Navy. The bill is essentially a measure to afford more equitable treatment for officers not selected for advancement under the selection system, for while increases are made in the upper ranks, essentially the same system of promotion is provided except as to the provision for officers who cannot be promoted under the existing system. That is what the Transferred Regulars List really provides.

Two weeks ago, in the June 26th issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL it was stated that the plan under consideration contemplated that "officers who are passed over the second time will be judged by the second board as to their fitness for promotion." Those found fit for promotion would be placed in the transferred reserve in the next higher grade. Those not found fit for promotion would be retired as under present conditions. Billets afloat and ashore would be found to take care of a large portion of the transferred reserve."

Now it is suggested that what would be done under this measure, if adopted, would be that all officers passed over by a second board would be divided into two groups, those considered fit for selection if there were no limitation on the number who could be selected and those not considered fit for selection at all. Those considered fit for selection but not selected in view of the limitation would be transferred to the "Transferred Regulars List" in the next higher rank and, if continued on active duty, would retain their relative rank. Those not considered fit for selection would be transferred to the "Transferred Regulars List" in the lower

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Tabulated Returns on Navy-Marine Corps Survey

Following is a tabulation of returns in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL'S survey of service opinion on Navy and Marine Corps promotion problems. The figures in parentheses represent the number of votes cast by officers who have been passed over by selection boards. (These passed over numbers also are included in the totals.)

	1. Do you believe there is a necessity for some form of selection in the Navy?	2. If so, do you favor the present system as now in force?	3. Do you believe that the hazards of involuntary retirement under existing laws are a serious menace to the officers of the Navy?	4. Do you believe that ascertaining of the service reputation of an officer by the selection board is a serious menace to the officers of the Navy?	5. Do you believe that a rating promotion system would be a serious menace to the officers of the Navy?
Flag Off.-Gen. Off.					
Yes	15	5	7	5	7
No		8	7	8	6
Cpts.-Cols.					
Yes	84(11)	23	52(9)	37(6)	66(10)
No	3	61(10)	33(2)	44(4)	19
Comdr.-Lt. Cols.					
Yes	134(13)	42	87(14)	51(8)	96(15)
No	4(2)	88(15)	43(1)	76(4)	38
Lt. Comdr.-Maj.					
Yes	263(43)	50	247(65)	149(39)	255(66)
No	45(22)	248(65)	62(4)	100(16)	49(2)
Lts.-Cpts.					
Yes	387(144)	94(7)	317(159)	221(107)	328(159)
No	34(25)	318(100)	94(8)	126(32)	80(9)
Lts. (Jg)-1st Lts.					
Yes	122(12)	42(2)	75(11)	57(7)	82(11)
No	5(2)	79(12)	52(3)	41(4)	45(3)
Ensigns-2nd Lts.					
Yes	79	14	60	48	67
No	1	64	20	16	10
Total					
Yes	1084(223)	279(9)	845(256)	568(107)	896(261)
No	92(51)	866(265)	311(18)	420(60)	245(14)

A breakdown of the above table showing votes by the line, staff and Marine Corps appears on page 962. Further returns will be published from week to week as they are counted and analyzed.

Newspapers Comment on New Developments in Spanish Strife

Regarded by many editors as the sputtering fuse that, if not extinguished, will lead to a world wide conflagration, the civil conflict in Spain is the object of continued study and comment. The announced policies of Italy and Germany have done little to allay the ever rising tide of European opinion, which is apparently "choosing sides" for the possible brawl.

"Europe, in an economic sense, is at war now" says the New York, Evening Post "In 1914, when Germany gave Austria-Hungary the 'go' signal against Serbia, the Kaiser, many believed, sought to take advantage of the difficulties of his enemies.

"Great Britain was plagued with troubles in Ireland, France was in turmoil over the Calmette-Caillaux trial, and the Russian government was struggling with a great strike in St. Petersburg which it feared would spread into open revolution.

"If Germany risked war on that premise, Germany guessed wrong. But history is filled with cases in which nations have won wars, or bluffs of wars, by striking while their foes were beset by domestic difficulties."

Carrying out the simile, the Post likens the situation in 1914 to the one existing today, saying "With the Soviet Union rent by internal strife, eight of its most important generals executed and the loyalty of the Red Army in question; with France in the throes of a change in Ministry, her gold fund exhausted, her finances in disorder, and with Britain behind on its rearmament program, Premier Chamberlain having suffered a defeat in being forced to withdraw his finance bill, and the crown itself wobbly in spite of the vast coronation build-up. With all these factors in his favor, it is natural for Europe to fear that Hitler, rash enough anyway, may take the plunge and start in Spain—hoping to finish in the Ukraine.

The Dallas, Tex. News sees in the "Leipzig incidents," a floating Sarajevo. The German cruiser Leipzig was, allegedly, the target for a torpedo from a loyalist ship, and the News in discussing the repercussions says "The German allegation of an unprovoked attack on the Leipzig is not given wide credence in European Chancelleries. To put it baldly, the diplomats believe Hitler manufactured the Leipzig incident as a *casus belli* if required. Having provided his straw man, he can knock it over or let it stand."

The Detroit, Mich. Free Press, however, does not believe that world wide strife is imminent, calling attention to the preparedness of France and England "Italian newspapers, apparently more or less government inspired, are calling for war on Great Britain and France while they are 'weak,' or so the reports tell us.

"But the weakness of Britain and France is mythical as Berlin and Rome understand, and while the stress seems to be greater than it has been before in some time; still it is stress of the old sort, and much that is being said and done reminds one of the line up of belligerents in the old days 'out behind the barn,' when one clenched fist owner was afraid and the other 'dassent.'

"There is some hope in that."

Another angle to the present situation is brought out by the Chicago, Ill. Tribune which says "The danger is that Germany, with the aid of Japan, and probably with the aid of Italy, would seek to transfer the seat of war from Spain to Russia. This danger is increased by the present condition of the Soviet Republics. The Soviet press itself describes Russia as a land torn by dissension, full of treachery, with its industrial and economic structure breaking down under the attack of wreckers, agents of Japan and Germany, and the counter revolution attributed to the persistent activities of the exiled Trotsky.

"Hitler is supposed to be held in check by his military staff, which tells him that the army is not yet prepared for a war of such proportions. He is said to be restless under such restraint and even indignant, and there is a danger that he will become convinced that the present Russian regime is a rotten apple which will fall at one brisk blow. The Russians themselves are doing their best to convince him and the world that is so."

The Nashville, Tenn. Tennessean, strikes a cynical note with the following implication "Both Hitler and Mussolini are doubtless aware of the fact that any action that is crowned with success if finally rated as respectable in international circles where expediency is far more important than decency and right."

Regular Veterans Meet

The first national convention of the Regular Veterans Association was held in Washington over last week-end with an enthusiastic attendance of active and retired personnel from many distant points.

A feature of the convention was a banquet given by the District of Columbia Department in honor of Walter Johnson, first National Commander of the Association. In addition to Mr. Johnson, invited guests attending the banquet included Mrs. Marguerite Johnson, National President, Ladies Auxiliary of the Regular Veterans Association; Representative John M. Robinson of Kentucky; Le Roy Whitman, Editor of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and C. W. Stevenson, Editor of Our Navy. Walter P. Boehm functioned as master of ceremonies.

Roy D. Hopgood, of Washington, D. C., was installed as the new National Commander, while Past Commander Johnson was named chairman of the National Council of Administration. Officers chosen included, besides Mr. Hopgood, Edgar H. Drake, senior vice commander; Ray H. Duncan, junior vice commander; George A. Williams, quartermaster; Ellis East, judge advocate; the Rev. J. W. Harrison, chaplain; Dr. L. A. Royse, medical officer, and the following members of the National Council of Administration: Dr. L. A. Royse, Charles E. Bushon, George A. Williams, Walter Johnson, Henry R. Detterer, J. F. Tucker, Maxwell Sexton, John F. Manning, Edward R. Eve, John P. Daniels, Frank Lancing, Edward A. Olander, Edgar H. Drake, James A. Ross, and Joseph T. Wilson.

The legislative program of the Association follows:

1. Adjustments in pay of all enlisted men so the pay will conform, more equitably, with technical training and responsibility required in various ratings or grades. Restoration of the re-enlistment bonus.

2. Assumption by the Government in part, of cost of travel by enlisted men from place of duty to homes and return when on duly authorized leave, so that the cost to the enlisted man will not exceed one cent per mile.

3. Absolute protection from any encroachment whatever, by any legislative or executive means, into present pay and allowances, retired pay and allowances, and retainer pay and allowances.

4. A minimum pay of \$100 per month for all enlisted men retired after thirty years of active service. Increase of allowances for retired men for rations, clothing, quarters, fuel and light from the present \$15.75 to \$30.00 per month. Provision for voluntary retirement at three-fourths pay after twenty-five years active service.

5. Extension of disability retirement (as now available to the Commissioned Officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard; the Nurses of the Army and the Navy; and the enlisted men of the Coast Guard) so as to include all enlisted men of

the Regular Army, Marine Corps, and Navy who have adopted or who may adopt the service as a life career and who have or who may be separated from their life careers because of disability incident to service. Such disability retirement to be an additional remedy to pensions, just as those now entitled to retirement are also entitled to pensions, although not to both at the same time.

6. Six months pay for all enlisted men who may, in the future, be separated from the service because of disability incident to service or discharged at the expiration of enlistment as unfit for re-enlistment because of disability incident to service, said six months pay to be paid in a lump sum on date of discharge.

7. Equalization of amounts payable in pensions to all widows, orphans, and dependant parents. Provide such entitlement for the widows of all men who lose their lives in the service; who die from service-incurred disability; who die while suffering from 30 per cent or more service-incurred disability; who die while on the Fleet Reserve rolls; or who die while on the retired rolls of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard, provided however, that except as to men who lose their lives in service or who die from service-incurred disability, widows' pensions shall not be paid unless the widow has been married to the veteran for at least five years and her age is within twenty years of his age.

8. Elimination of reductions in pensions for service-incurred disability while pensioners are being furnished hospital or domiciliary care by the Veterans Administration or the United States Naval Home or United States Soldiers Home, or while in the employ of the United States Government.

9. Absolute equality in pensions payable for service-incurred disability, so that all persons suffering from equal disability shall be paid equal pensions, where said disability is service incurred, and without regard to the date said disability was incurred or whether the United States was at war, technically at war, in a semi-war status, or not at war, on the date the disability was incurred.

10. Extension of service pensions for Indian War Veterans so as to include all veterans who served on the Indian Frontier for extended periods between January 1, 1817 and December 31, 1898.

Marine Corps Staff Bill

(Continued from First Page)

marked following this week's meetings that it fully bore out Representative Sam Hobb's declaration that "selection boards run with the ball as they please."

The bill before the committee authorized the assignment of field officers of the Marine Corps to staff duty only as assistant quartermasters and assistant paymasters, with provision that officers so assigned will become extra numbers upon being promoted up to the grade of colonel and that selection boards in considering them for promotion shall consider only their comparative fitness for staff duty. The committee voted to report the bill, already passed by the Senate, after amending it to eliminate

all suggestion that officers so assigned constitute a Staff Corps.

Brig. Gen. Hugh Matthews, Marine Corps Quartermaster, Brig. Gen. H. C. Reisinger, Paymaster, and General Vogel appeared in support of the bill. They urged its passage to enable the Corps to obtain fully trained and experienced officers for key positions under the Quartermasters and Paymasters Departments when the present permanent staff officers pass from the active list. Line officers, they told the committee, are reluctant to accept redetails in the departments for fear that it will militate against their selection. The principal question discussed during the hearings was as to reasons for this apprehension on the part of officers.

General Vogel said that is a member of a selection board, he had considered the provision of Section 8 of the Personnel Act that "administrative staff duty performed by any officer under appointment or detail . . . shall be given weight by the selection board in determining his fitness for promotion equal to that given to line duty equally well performed" but that in finally voting as between two officers equally capable, one with much troop duty and the other with much staff duty, he had and would vote for the former in view of the directive to select the officers "best fitted of those under consideration to assume the duties of the next higher grade."

"In considering an officer's general efficiency we must consider all service," the Adjutant and Inspector said, "but under his oath a member of a selection board must pick those best fitted for the duties of the higher grade. In final analysis we must finally pick officers best fitted to lead troops in battle. The paramount duty of a colonel is to command a regiment, and in deciding between two lieutenant colonels, the one best fitted as a regimental commander should be selected."

Chairman Vinson and Representative Mott, R. of Ore., disagreed. After the laws covering the subject were read, Mr. Mott declared that he could not see why selection boards under existing law cannot give equal treatment to all officers. Mr. Vinson said that he agreed with him, adding that it was the administration of the law by the boards and not the law that was at fault. The latter, however, said that, notwithstanding, he was willing to "go along" and change the law so long as no Staff Corps was created by the move.

"The Marine Corps is a fighting organization," said General Vogel, "Staff duty is important, but commanding troops is the primary duty. I have

served as a member of selection boards, and when an officer with considerable staff duty was in competition with an officer with all troop duty, I know I favored the officer with the most troop duty. Other officers on the board felt the same way."

At the conclusion of hearings, as the bill was unanimously approved, Chairman Vinson said that he viewed the bill as providing three things. First, he said, it will authorize an increase in the number of officers, adding possibly 22 additional second lieutenants; second, that it will mean that "officers will not be plucked as fast" as today; and third that it will eliminate the apprehension that officers will be passed over for lack of military experience.

Navy-Marine Corps Selection

(Continued from First Page)

grade. Both groups of officers would be eligible for assignment to active duty, but could be maintained on inactive duty at their option until they reached the ages prescribed for transfer to the retired list in the Bureau of Navigation letter.

No objection has been raised to increases in the upper grades suggested in the Bu-Nav Letter and it is assumed that these provisions are contained in the last draft of the proposed bill. The seven year probationary period for graduates of the Naval Academy, which Senator David L. Walsh, Chairman of the Senate Naval Committee, advocates, is understood to be contained in the bill. Senator Walsh says that there is general agreement as to this provision. However, another of Senator Walsh's proposals—that all officers be subject to elimination with one year's pay upon being found by a selection board as being unfit and inefficient, has not met with favor at the Navy Department, it is said.

The crux of the new plan, for assignment of officers who cannot be selected under present limitations, to the Transferred Regulars List in the higher rank if considered fit for advancement, is understood to cost only slightly more than the retention of passed over officers in the lower grade. As the Navy pay tables are based primarily on length of service, the rank of officers so transferred will make little difference, it is said.

Army House Program

(Continued from First Page)

House Military Committee. The Shepard bill originally provided for the same amount as the House bill—although differing in certain items—but was amended by the Senate Military Committee and now provides additional items increasing the total by \$1,532,400.

Oppose PX Sales Tax

Enactment of the Schwartz bill, authorizing States, Territories and the District of Columbia, and local subdivisions thereof, to levy sales taxes on goods sold on Government reservations not for the exclusive use of the United States, was opposed in the report submitted to the Senate Finance Committee this week by the Navy Department.

Admiral William D. Leahy, Acting Secretary of the Navy, in the report questioned the constitutionality of the bill, which would subject all goods sold by Army, Navy and Marine Corps post exchanges, commissaries, ship's stores on shore and ship's service stores on shore, to State, city and county sales taxes.

"It is the opinion of the Navy Department," he said, "that the bill S. 929 if enacted into law would be difficult to administer, that it would permit a dangerous interference by the states with Federal instrumentalities and that it would place an undue financial burden on those who purchase from Naval Commissaries and stores."

Objecting to the procedure outlined in Section 2 of the bill, as well as to its general objects, Admiral Leahy declared that the provision that requires monthly statements of property sold "in form required by the proper taxing authorities of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia within whose borders the reservation is located," would make the law difficult of administration as general instructions could not be issued by the Navy Department.

"It is also conceivable that under the terms of section 2 of the bill," Admiral Leahy continued, "the taxing authorities of the various jurisdictions might demand the right to make personal audits and inspections of the accounts of the various naval activities concerned. Such a procedure not only would result in unwarranted interference with the proper conduct and operation of the affected naval activities located within naval reservations, but would be considered highly objectionable and undesirable from a military standpoint."

Two other specific points were noted by the Acting Secretary. One was as to the effective date of the measure. Contending that no right to tax should be allowed if the measure were passed until a State affirmatively acts under the authority and formally demands taxes, he suggested that it become effective 60 days after such formal demand is made. The other point advanced was that articles of clothing and other miscellaneous items which are sold to Government personnel for use in performance of their official duties should be exempted from tax.

While still objecting to the bill generally the Navy Department asked at the end of its report that should the committee decide to approve the bill, that it be amended to meet the Department's specific objections, and enclosed a copy of the measure with suggested amendments exempting property sold for use of Government personnel in the performance of their official duties, delaying the effective date of the measure, and striking out the provision that local tax authorities may prescribe forms for submitting returns.

As to the bill generally, the Navy report states:

"The effect of such legislation will be to permit a state to exercise tax power within Federal territory where, in most cases, the Federal territory was ceded by the state with no reservation to itself of such power. It will place a burden on Federal officials by making them collectors for the States and thus accountable to the states for transactions that occurred on Federal territory. There is a possibility that it will subject Federal officials to controversy, process, and suit growing out of their transaction of business on exclusively Federal territory. The considerations enumerated above will have the effect of diverting the Federal Government to an appreciable degree of its independence of state control and will work an undue and unnecessary interference with the military functions committed to the Navy Department by the constitution. In view of the foregoing it appears that the constitutionality of the proposed legislation is questionable."

"The constitutionality of the Act of June 16, 1936 (subjecting sales of gasoline on Federal territory to local taxation in the same manner as is provided in the present bill for (Please turn to Page 962))

Closer American Union Depends on Equality And Respect, General Pershing Tells Congress

General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, in addressing the opening of the Congress of American Nations in Paris June 28 told the delegates that "if there is to be a closer union than at present it must be through their cooperation upon a basis of equality." Among the guests at the opening of the Congress was President Lebrun of France.

The General told the Congress that if we are to advance much further in Pan American relationships he would point out certain prerequisites. "One is," he said, "that each and every American Republic must be considered the equal of every other, including the United States, without regard to size, material strength or population. Another is that we respect one another, and that this respect be manifested not merely in post-prandial oratory, but that it shall permeate the life, the thought and the action of the peoples composing the Americas."

The text of General Pershing's address follows:

It is an exceptional privilege to participate in the deliberations of this important Congress of American Nations. It seems particularly fitting that while a great Exposition is being held, the Congress should assemble in this unique city long famous for its achievements in the Arts, the Sciences and in literature. Here among its archives are recorded the investigations and the discoveries of distinguished savants, whose labors have so greatly contributed to the happiness and well-being of mankind. Here the intellectual world receives a cordial welcome in an atmosphere of congeniality and camaraderie.

We of the Americas bring with us recollections of the significant part Frenchmen have played on our own continent, especially in the discovery of its boundless resources and its manifold beauties. The valiant LaSalle will always be remembered as the first to navigate the great Mississippi. The cities of New Orleans, St. Louis and many others with French names throughout the United States, indicate the extent of French explorations. The town in the State of Missouri, where I was born took its name from the intrepid LaCade, who founded St. Louis.

When the British colonies declared themselves independent, it was France that came forward with her sympathy and her aid. There came the immortal Lafayette, for whom Washington had an affection like that of a father for his son. It seems unnecessary to mention the galaxy of brilliant Frenchmen including Lauzun, Rochambeau, Grasse and many others who, with their French forces and those of Lafayette, helped Washington and his colonials win the final victory at Yorktown which united our two peoples in close bonds of lasting friendship.

The struggles and the success of the colonies became an inspiration to Bolivar in South America, where the seeds of liberty already planted had begun to germinate. It is to Bolivar and certain of his contemporaries in Spanish America that I would briefly call your attention. Like that of Washington and his leaders, their story can not be too often repeated. My personal interest in South America dates from a tour of the Latin Republics which I was privileged to make in 1924-25, after the centennial of the battle of Ayacucho, where I represented our country as Chairman of the Commission which the Government sent to Peru. I regret that time does not permit me to give you a description of all the wonders that abound in South America. Therefore, with your permission, Mr. President, I shall speak somewhat of the way in which through Bolivar and his associates, the Spanish colonies became independent states, an independence universally recognized after the resounding victory of Ayacucho.

Following the Napoleonic wars and the reconstruction of Europe, the Spanish possessions in America were not inclined to return to the status which they had previously occupied. This disinclination resulted in outbreaks in what we now call Argentine and Chile, whose independence was secured by the great Argentinian liberator San Martin, while in the north the Caribbean colonies insisted on their independence and ultimately acquired it through the military genius of Bolivar. The freedom of Argentina and Chile was thus established through San Martin and that of Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Venezuela by Bolivar, while in the dramatic liberation of Peru both San Martin and Bolivar shared the leading roles.

Another ardent champion of independence was Miranda—likewise born in Venezuela. It is said that he fought with the French in the American War of Independence, and that later he not only served in, but commanded a French Army, and his name as a victorious leader, is inscribed on the Arc de Triomphe.

Thus we see French influence indirectly at work for liberty in South America. Wherever Miranda went, he plotted and preached in behalf of the liberation of South America. Eminent officer that he was, however, he lacked the Latin American dash which characterized in the highest degree the young Bolivar, who had the glory of realizing on the battlefield Miranda's dream of independence for the Spanish colonies.

In 1824, when the Spanish were making what proved to be a final effort to reconquer South America, the independence of Peru was again at stake. In December of that year, the Liberator's army, under the command of Sucre, came to grips with the Spanish army, on the plain of Ayacucho, where in a clash of an hour's duration, the Spanish army was annihilated and the liberty of Spanish America established from north to south and from east to west.

The acts of Bolivar and Sucre after the victory of Ayacucho are to the honor of each. In a message praising the colonial army for giving independence to South America, Bolivar said: "The battle of Ayacucho is the summit of American glory, and it is the work of General Sucre. . . . Just as Waterloo decided the destiny of Europe, so Ayacucho has decided the destiny of American nations."

On his part, Sucre wrote asking that the illustrious title of "General Liberator of Peru" which had been given him, be bestowed upon Bolivar. But this letter apparently did not express Sucre's feeling in all its fullness, for he added: "Your friendship is my greatest reward. This is no flattery, but the feelings of my soul."

In connection with the liberation of Peru, we must again mention San Martin of Argentina, who was the outstanding soldier of the southern republics as Bolivar of Venezuela was of the north. San Martin was a soldier by profession. He had served in the armies of the Spanish Peninsula and on his return to the colony of his birth in South America, he created an army and, crossing the Andes—probably a more difficult feat than Bonaparte's crossing of the Alps—fell upon the Spaniards in Chile, crushing them in the two famous battles of Chacabuco, 1817 and Maipú, 1818. Later, he advanced to Peru, proclaimed and secured its independence, and installed himself as protector in Lima.

Now, it happened that as the man from the south had proceeded northward, so the man from the north was winning his way southward to Peru. Learning that Bolivar was in the territory which we now call the Republic of Ecuador, on his way to Peru, and fearing that a disagreement with Bolivar, flushed with recent triumphs, might prejudice the ultimate liberty of America, San Martin withdrew from Peru.

Without attempting anything in the nature of a comparison, it is appropriate to remark that the independence of the colonies of Spanish America is due alike to the enthusiasm of Bolivar, to the genius and character of San Martin, and to the ability and good fortune of Sucre.

We have mentioned the victory of Yorktown in connection with the victory of Ayacucho. In the north, there was established a loose union under the Articles of Confederation, later to be developed into a closer union through the Constitution of the United States. In the south, due in part to the vast extent of South America, Bolivar's dream of a united Latin America did not become a reality.

It was not enough for his ambition that the Spanish colonies had become independent states. He was obsessed with the idea of having some form of federation or union of the emancipated colonies, and for that purpose he proposed a conference which should meet at Panama. With a nucleus of newly liberated colonies, Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru and Bolivia, he hoped to include the entire LATIN AMERICAN World.

One of his purposes was to form what we might call a league and covenant of the SPANISH AMERICAN States against Spain, if Spain should again resort to arms. In this, although there was a meeting of a number of states, including Central America and the United States of Mexico, and certain projects were agreed upon, he was doomed to disappointment. But his dream is still the hope of not a few statesmen and states of Latin America. Indeed, at the most recent gathering of the Americas at Buenos Aires in 1936, a project for a league of American States was not only introduced but was supported by a number of them.

Our Secretary of State Blaine was more fortunate than the great Bolivar in the matter of conferences. The first of the modern series of conferences met in Washington in the fall and early winter of 1889-90; and others have been held since, the eighth being scheduled to meet in Lima, in the fall of 1938. In the interim between the seventh and eighth

conferences, an Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace took place at Buenos Aires in November and December, 1936, at the suggestion of President Roosevelt.

Although a Federation of the American Republics has not been brought about by these conferences, there is a Pan American Union, with its central offices located in the capital of the United States. The representatives of all of the American States meet from time to time under the Presidency of the American Secretary of State to consider matters of interest to all of the American Republics.

Yorktown gave the erstwhile English colonies of North America independence with a consequent Constitution; Ayacucho sealed the independence of the Latin American States; and the Congress of Panama inaugurated the ensuing conferences of the American Republics, giving birth to the hope of a closer union than that which now exists among the Americas.

Meanwhile, we have advanced to the point where we have cooperation of the Americas in the political world; we have cooperation of the Americas in the much larger and, indeed, illimitable domain of science. This is not all. The American Republics have come to the conclusion that there should be some "outward and visible sign of an inward and spiritual grace" common to them all, and this visible sign is the beautiful home of the Americas known as the Pan American Building which adorns the city of Washington.

If we are to advance much further, however, there are certain principles that I should like to point out as prerequisites. One is that each and every American Republic must be considered the equal of every other, including the United States, without regard to size, material strength or population. Another is that we respect one another, and that this respect be manifested not merely in post-prandial oratory, but that it shall permeate the life, the thought and the action of the peoples composing the Americas.

What form future relations among American Republics will take, no one may predict; but if there is to be a closer union than at present, it must be through their cooperation upon a basis of equality. The American Republics in the recent Conference called by President Roosevelt at Buenos Aires, declared "the existence of a common democracy throughout America" and that "any difference or dispute between the American Nations, whatever its nature or origin, shall be settled by methods of conciliation or full arbitration or through operation of international justice."

I would like also to quote from one of our greatest statesmen, Mr. Elihu Root, recently deceased, who at Rio de Janeiro, at the third of the Pan American Conferences, in stating the attitude of the United States, said:

"We wish for no victories but those of peace; for no territory except our own; for no sovereignty except sovereignty over ourselves. We deem the independence and equal rights of the smallest and weakest member of the family of nations entitled to as much respect as those of the greatest empire; and we deem the observance of that respect the chief guaranty of the weak against the oppression of the strong. We neither claim nor desire any rights or privileges or powers that we do not freely concede to every American Republic. We wish to increase our prosperity, to expand our trade, to grow in wealth, in wisdom, and in spirit; but our conception of the true way to accomplish this is not to pull down others and profit by their ruin, but to help all friends to a common prosperity and a common growth, that we may all become greater and stronger together."

May I not in this presence assume to express personally the hope that under the leadership of France the ideals so clearly stated in these two declarations receive the serious consideration of the great powers on this continent.

6th Corps Area Staff

Chicago.—Lt. Col. Claude B. Thummel, OD, USA, having reported at 6th Corps area headquarters has been announced as Corps Area Ordnance Officer, with station at Chicago, vice Capt. Garland T. Rowland, OD, Acting Corps Area Ordnance Officer, relieved.

Lt. Col. Leon M. Logan, (QMC), IGD, has been announced as Corps Area Inspector General, with station in Chicago, vice Col. Isaac S. Martin, Cav.

Named Aide-de-Camp

1st Lt. Wm. L. Fagg, Inf., USA, recently on duty at Ft. Benning, Ga., has been reported at Ft. Snelling, Minn., and has been detailed as Aide-de-camp to Brig. Gen. Campbell B. Hodges, USA. Lieutenant Fagg was Cadet Adjutant at West Point, class of 1929. Gen. Hodges last year there as commandant of Cadets.



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



New Army Officers Confirmed

The nominations of the 50 reserve officers to be second lieutenants of the Regular Army were all reported favorably by the Senate Military Affairs Committee on July 2.

That afternoon, by request of Senator Sheppard, chairman of the Military Committee, the Senate considered them out of the regular order of business, confirmed them en bloc and, instead of following the usual procedure of allowing the nominations to lay over for two executive sessions, ordered the President notified immediately. By this action, commissions could be issued at once. The names of the new regular officers were published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of July 3.

Biographical sketches of some of those so commissioned follow:

2nd Lt. Arthur C. Harris, Jr., Inf.

Lieutenant Harris was born in Harleton, Pa., March 23, 1914. He received the degree of B.S. in Metallurgy from the Pennsylvania State College from which he was graduated with first military honors. Subsequently he spent one year as metallurgist for the Bethlehem Steel Company at Buffalo, N. Y., after which he served one year under the Thomason Act with the 12th Infantry at Ft. Howard, Md., where he is now stationed. He is a member of the Scabbard and Blade.

2nd Lt. Thaddeus R. Dulin, Inf.

Lieutenant Dulin is a native of the National Capital, having been born in Washington, D. C., March 17, 1914. He attended Washington public schools and high schools, entering the University of Maryland in the Fall of 1931. He was graduated from the University of Maryland in 1935 with a degree of Bachelor of Arts, majoring in Business Administration. At Maryland he played on the tennis team, was a member of Sigma Nu fraternity and a cadet captain in the ROTC his senior year. In the year between his graduation from Maryland and his appointment under the provisions of the Thomason Act, Lieutenant Dulin worked on two of the Dollar Steamship Line ships, sold rugs, and worked in the Procurement Division, Treasury Department. His year's active duty was at Ft. Washington, Md., where he is now stationed.

2nd Lt. Edward W. McLain, CAC

Lieutenant McLain was born in Rome, Ga., Jan. 10, 1915. He was graduated from the Rome High School in June of 1922. Lieutenant McLain was awarded a degree of Bachelor of Science in Aeronautical Engineering from the Georgia School of Technology in 1936. He was a member of the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, the track team, the cross country team and Scabbard and Blade. He is stationed at Ft. Barrancas, Fla.

2nd Lt. Otto A. Moomaw, CAC

Lieutenant Moomaw was born March 8, 1913 at Rocky Point, Va. He was graduated from Virginia Polytechnic Institute in 1933 with a B.S. degree in Mechanical Engineering and the following year earned an M. S. in Mechanical Engineering. From Oct. 1, 1934 to May 30, 1935 he was a student engineer with the Stanley Furniture Company at Stanley, Va. He was on duty with the CCC from May 1, 1935 to June 19, 1936 in Western Pennsylvania, after which he served a year with the Regular Army at Ft. Monroe, Va., under the Thomason Act. He is now under orders to proceed to the Panama Canal Department for duty, sailing from New York Aug. 4.

Seek Ft. Niagara Photos

Col. H. M. Cooper, Commanding Officer, Ft. Niagara, N. Y., is most anxious to obtain old photographs or pictures of Old Ft. Niagara and the present new post and its personnel. Pictures dating from the period of the Civil War, the 1870's, 1880's and 1890's are particularly desired. If necessary the pictures will be returned to owners after copies are made. Any pictures sent should have captions attached giving dates of picture if possible and any other information. These pictures will be framed and placed in the new Officers' Club and Post Headquarters.

Change CWS to "Chemical Corps"

The House Military Committee this week voted to change the name of the Chemical Warfare Service of the Army to the "Chemical Corps."

The Committee ordered reported a Senate bill providing for changing the name of the branch to "Chemical Service," amending it to be "corps" instead

of "service" to conform with other branches of the Army. The measure, as originally introduced, was sponsored by the War Department, and it is believed that the committee's amendment will be satisfactory to the Department.

Representative Lister Hill, chairman of the House committee, said that the group probably would act on the Dental Corps bill at the next regular meeting on Tuesday. The measure increases the commissioned strength of the Corps, provides for a dental officer as an assistant surgeon general with rank of brigadier general, and fixes the number of enlisted men assigned to dental duties.

The committee also ordered reported a bill liberalizing the sale and exportation of helium and voted down, 12 to 10 a measure restoring to the Emergency Officers Retired List, a number of officers who were removed therefrom by the Economy Act.

No action has as yet been taken on the Army Bandmasters bill. Its sponsor, Representative J. Joseph Smith, D. of Conn., said this week that further hearings will probably be held at which representatives of the War Department will be questioned as to the cost of the bill. At a hearing several weeks ago, proponents of the bill disputed earlier figures furnished by the Department.

Battle Monuments Dedication

Through its Chairman, General John J. Pershing, the American Battle Monuments Commission is extending a cordial invitation to the American people, and especially to all veterans of the World War and former members of the auxiliary forces who served overseas, to attend the dedications of the national World War memorials to be held in Europe this summer.

The principal ceremony will take place at Montfaucon, France, on Aug. 1, 1937, when the Meuse-Argonne memorial will be dedicated. The other memorials, except the one at Chateau-Thierry, will be dedicated between Aug. 2 and 15. The ceremony at the Chateau-Thierry monument will be held early in October, on the occasion of the pilgrimage to France by members of the American Legion.

The schedule of ceremonies is as follows:

- Aug. 1, Sunday, Montfaucon, France.
- Aug. 2, Monday, Montsec, France.
- Aug. 3, Tuesday, Sommepey, France.
- Aug. 5, Thursday, Tours, France.
- Aug. 8 (a. m.), Sunday, Chapel—Flanders Field Cemetery, Belgium.
- Aug. 8 (p. m.), Sunday, Audenarde, Belgium.
- Aug. 8 (p. m.), Sunday, Vierstraat, Belgium.
- Aug. 9 (a. m.), Monday, Bellecourt, France.
- Aug. 9 (p. m.), Monday, Cantigny, France.
- Aug. 12, Thursday, Brest, France.
- Aug. 15, Sunday, Chapel—Brookwood Cemetery, England.

Aug. (), date to be fixed, Gibraltar.

Oct. (), date to be fixed, Chateau-Thierry.

An official delegation representing the United States Government will be present at each dedication, together with official representatives of the countries in which the monuments are located. Many members of veterans associations, and other American citizens will attend.

While all the memorials will be dedicated with solemn and impressive rites, the ceremony at Montfaucon will be the most extensive in character and will be broadcast by radio both in the United States and Europe.

The events commemorated by the memorial at Montfaucon are concisely stated in one of the inscriptions which appears on the monument. It reads as follows:

During September 1918 the Allied Forces launched a general offensive against the German armies on the Western Front. In this operation the American First Army was assigned the task of breaking through the extremely strong and vital portion of the enemy defensive system lying between the Meuse River and the Argonne Forest.

The American attack started on September 26 and, after two days intense fighting, Montfaucon, upon which this monument stands, was captured. By September 30 the enemy had been driven back six miles. The German troops defended each position to the ut-

most and many divisions were rushed to their support from other battle fronts.

The battle continued throughout October against desperate resistance. A brilliant advance down the Aire Valley made it possible to outflank and capture the Argonne Forest. The attack then spread east of the Meuse where severe fighting occurred. The prolonged struggles for the strongly fortified German main line of defense on the heights near Brioules Cunel and Romagne were unsurpassed in fury, but by October 14 this line had been broken and the end of the month found it and the villages of St. Juvin and Grand-Pre securely in the grasp of the American Army.

On November 1 the army launched its last great attack. The dominating heights near Baricourt were captured and the enemy was driven beyond the Meuse River. These successes and those of the Allies on other battlefields compelled the Germans to ask for an immediate armistice which became effective on November 11, 1918.

During the forty-seven days of continual battle on this front the First Army advanced 35 miles, captured 26,000 men, 874 cannon and 3,000 machine guns. At its maximum strength the Army comprised more than 1,000,000 soldiers. The American battle casualties were 122,000.

The members of the American Battle Monuments Commission, the agency of the National Government which erected the memorials and under whose auspices the dedications are being held, are:

- General John J. Pershing, Chairman
- Col. Robert G. Woodside, Vice Chairman
- Brig. Gen. J. B. P. Clayton Hill
- Col. D. John Markey
- Hon. David A. Reed
- Judge Finis J. Garrett
- Mrs. Henry Fenimore Baker
- Lt. Col. X. H. Price, Secretary

Three members of the House, headed by Representative Lister Hill, D. of Ala., chairman of the House Military Committee, have been appointed by Speaker Bankhead to represent Congress at the dedication of chapels and other World War memorials erected in France under the direction of the American Battle Monuments Commission.

Representative Hill, accompanied by Mrs. Hill, will sail from New York, July 14 on the SS Manhattan. The other two members of the House delegation, Representative J. Walter Lambeth, D. of N. C., and Representative Charles A. Eaton, R. of N. J., the latter also a member of the House Military Committee, are expected to sail on the same boat. The Senate also is to send representatives for the dedications.

Secretary Woodring's Views

Complete defense preparedness as a surety of peace was stressed by Secretary of War Woodring in an interesting interview published by the Wichita (Kans.) Beacon, excerpts from which follow:

Mr. Woodring is convinced that coupled with the exercise of intelligence, the ability to recognize war propaganda, the natural defense we have in our geographic situation, our best guarantee of peace is full preparedness against war.

In discussing the work of the war department today, the new secretary said he believes America today, more than at any time since the World War, is in a good state of preparedness for national defense, both as to material and personnel. "I think our improved preparedness today is due to the fact that the army suffered a continual decline of appropriations commencing with the end of the World War. It was not until President Roosevelt took command in 1933 that the war department began to feel the benefits of increased appropriations for material and personnel purposes. Now our equipment is being modernized, mechanized and motorized. It has been run down for years. The personnel was too small. The equipment was worn out and out-of-date. The morale of the army

couldn't be at its best under such circumstances. Now the Army is being built up to specifications required as a factor in world affairs in 1937. In the event of a sudden war we would find ourselves in possession of an efficient working nucleus for preparation for active service. Of course in everything we do, in each fund we request, we do not forget that taxpayers provide army equipment and personnel. That is why I like to repeat over and over again that preparedness in America can reach only that point that does not go beyond the ability of the people to pay for defense of their country. I think it is enlightening and important to know that in this country the military establishment costs only 3.2 per cent of the national budget, or about \$3.00 on the basis of national per capita cost."

Army Mutual Aid Amendments

On July 8th the Army Mutual Aid Association overwhelmingly adopted the recently proposed amendments at a Special Meeting held in the offices of the Association in the War Department. The Army Mutual now gives upon demand to its members of three years' or more standing as such, who have retired, been discharged or who have resigned from the Army, cash surrender values and paid-up insurance in proportion to the length of membership and amount of premiums paid.

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WELL, NATURE IS WONDERFUL, BUT I THINK IT'S TIME I ENJOYED THE MAN-MADE PLEASURE OF A GOOD SMOKE. HAVE ONE YOURSELF

I'D LIKE TO, BUT MY TONGUE'S A LITTLE SORE FROM SMOKING. I'VE BEEN LAYING OFF MY PIPE FOR A WHILE

AH, I SEE YOU HAVEN'T BEEN SMOKING PRINCE ALBERT. IT'S ONE TOBACCO THAT WON'T GET YOUR TONGUE SORE

WELL, I'LL TAKE A TRY AT IT. SAY, IT CERTAINLY PACKS DOWN NICE AND EVEN IN THE BOWL



JUDGE, THIS IS A MILD SMOKE YET IT'S FULL-BODIED TOO!

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PRINCE ALBERT

THE NATIONAL JOY SMOKE

THE U. S. NAVY



THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Marine Officers Appointed

The nominations of eleven graduates of leading universities and colleges, of the country to be second lieutenants in the Marine Corps, were sent to the Senate, July 6, by President Roosevelt.

The appointees, outstanding members of the ROTC organization at their institution, will hold revocable commissions from July 1, 1937. They are:

Fletcher L. Brown, Jr., of Florida.
John F. Dunlap, of Georgia.
Glen E. Fissel, of Ohio.
John J. Gormley, of Maryland.
James D. Hittle, of Michigan.
Hugh R. Nutter, of California.
Robert H. Ruud, of North Dakota.
Joseph L. Stewart, of Alabama.
Marvin C. Stewart, of Mississippi.
Tom M. Trotti, of South Carolina.
Jack F. Warner, of California.

The President also sent to the Senate the following promotions of Marine Corps officers: J. R. Horton, AQM, to be an AQM with rank of colonel; S. S. Lee to be colonel; Field Harris to lieutenant colonel; R. C. Swink to lieutenant colonel.

The following to be lieutenant colonels: Donald Curtis, E. M. Spencer, W. N. Best, R. W. Culpepper to be major.


The following to be majors: P. R. Cowley, G. D. D. Hamilton, N. E. True, C. W. Melgs, P. A. Lesser, W. D. Bassett, J. D. Waller, C. W. Martyr.

F. S. Gilman to be major; T. J. Cushman to be major.

The following to be captains: P. D. Sherman, J. Wehle, W. P. Battell, C. P. Van Ness, L. R. Tyler, A. D. Abel, C. E. Shepard, Jr., P. A. McDonald, M. M. Mahoney, F. G. Wagner, Jr., P. Moret, H. W. Bauer, W. B. McKean, F. H. Williams, P. W. Russell, F. M. Reinecke, J. M. Davis, W. H. Fromhold, J. T. Wilbur, C. H. Hayes, D. M. Weller, S. S. Yeaton, E. A. Montgomery, E. O. Price, R. E. Hill, J. M. Daly, R. D. Salmon, E. W. Fry, Jr., W. C. Taylor, M. J. Howard.

Indian War Pensions Increased

An increase in the pension allowed to veterans of Indian Wars was approved by the House Pensions Committee this week. The committee, with the approval of the Veterans Administration agreed to an increase of the Indian War rates.



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Tabulation of Promotion Survey

A breakdown of the returns counted to date in the survey conducted by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL on personnel problems of the Navy and Marine Corps, showing how officers of the Navy Line, Navy Staff, and Marine Corps voted, is shown below.

The list of the questions in the survey is as follows:

1. "Do you believe there is a necessity for some form of selection in the Navy?"
2. "If so, do you favor the selection system now in force?"
3. "Do you believe that the hazards of involuntary retirement under existing law are productive of a lowered morale in the officers of the Navy?"
4. "Do you believe that ascertaining of the service reputation of an officer up for selection, in accordance with the proposal of Admiral Sims, would be valuable aid to selection?"
5. "Do you believe that existing promotion system difficulties require remedial legislation NOW?"

	Question 1	Question 2	Question 3	Question 4	Question 5
Line of the Navy					
Flag Officers					
Yes	8	12	3	12	4
No		4	5	6	4
Captains					
Yes	45	15	24	12	31
No	1	20	20	32	13
Commanders					
Yes	82	29	47	20	57
No	2	47	30	57	25
Lt. Comdr.					
Yes	146	43	114	64	118
No	11	113	44	73	33
Lieutenants					
Yes	287	65	243	164	242
No	16	230	55	92	54
Lts. (Jg)					
Yes	90	26	58	43	62
No	2	57	34	32	28
Ensigns					
Yes	65	13	46	38	53
No	1	51	20	13	10
Total	723	196	535	343	567
No	33	531	208	305	167

Navy Staff Corps					
Rear Admirals					
Yes	3	2	1	2	
No		1	1	1	1
Captains					
Yes	31	6	21	18	26
No		24	10	11	5
Commanders					
Yes	35	8	28	22	26
No		27	7	12	0
Lt. Comdr.					
Yes	89	12	105	67	103
No	29	104	13	28	14
Lieutenants					
Yes	45	18	23	22	28
No	2	28	21	16	17
Lts. (Jg)					
Yes	20	7	11	9	14
No	3	16	12	6	0
Total	223	53	189	140	197
No	34	200	64	74	55

Marine Corps					
Gen. Officers					
Yes	4	1	3	1	3
No		3	1	1	1
Colonels					
Yes	8	2	7	7	9
No	2	8	3	1	1
Lt. Colonels					
Yes	17	5	12	9	13
No	2	14	6	7	4
Majors					
Yes	28	4	28	18	32
No	5	31	5	8	2
Captains					
Yes	55	11	51	35	58
No	16	60	18	18	9
1st Lts.					
Yes	12	6	6	5	6
No		6	6	3	6
2nd Lts.					
Yes	14	1	14	10	14
No		13		3	
Total	138	30	121	85	135
No	25	135	39	41	23

Express your views on Navy and Marine Corps promotion! Fill out and mail the Army and Navy Journal ballot today.

Honor Josephus Daniels

Former Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, now Ambassador to Mexico, was given an honorary degree at the commencement exercises of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Rear Adm. Ralph Earle, USN-Ret., is president of the Institute.

The citation for the honorary degree follows:

Josephus Daniels, a son of North Carolina, lawyer, cabinet member, adviser to three Presidents, foremost among our elder statesmen, ambassador to our neighbor, by his tact, his forbearance, his manifest goodwill. A believer in essential democracy, he has championed the cause of the common man, but he is, nevertheless, admired and beloved by all classes in this nation. His record as Secretary of the Navy during the World War, when his Department safely transported to France 2,000,000 soldiers, when he aided in the perfecting of the North Sea barrage, will stand as long as history itself endures. Well may he say and well may we echo: "It's been a good life and it still is!" And may that good life long continue.

In his address to the Institute, Ambassador Daniels dwelt on the point that though geographic frontiers have been conquered there remain many frontiers for the youth of today to cross. He cited Thomas A. Edison "for as much hero-worship as ought to be given to any human because he was the antithesis of the magician or miracle worker or the super-man or the genius who never failed."

"The spirit of American," Mr. Daniels said, "rises up to confound those who dishonor the youths of today by advising them not to venture into unknown seas to bring forth treasure. It will be recalled that in the days before the World War, we were told that the youth of that era had lost the stuff that inhered in their forbears by easy living and soft berths. And some people believed the slander. However, when a crisis came and men were needed to uphold the cause of their country at home and overseas, the lie about youth's decadence was hurled in the teeth of their detractors as millions rushed to the colors. The story of valor and sacrifice of the young men of 1917-18 parallels the deeds of Nathan Hale and Paul Revere. It was not only in the trenches and on the sea and in the air that our country demonstrated that the men of that era measured up to the most courageous of the Revolution or the War of the Sixties, but inventive genius and executive direction of New Englanders set new high standards. Privileged to be shipmate of the thousands in the Navy, I could relate incidents of war days that proved in that hour of need that naval heroes were of the same mould as Jones and Barry and Decatur and Farragut and Dewey."

Oppose PX Sales Tax

(Continued from Page 959)

all tangible personal property) has not been litigated. The basis for its enactment was that since the funds raised by taxes on the sale of gasoline are normally used for the maintenance and improvement of state built roads all purchasers of gasoline, except the Federal Government itself, who normally use state roads, should respond in taxes. In so far as the Navy Department is concerned the extension provided in S. 929 is quite different. In this connection it is necessary to bear in mind that Commissary stores, ships stores, ships service stores and post exchanges on naval reservations are operated primarily to care for the needs of naval personnel and their families. These persons are usually not citizens of the State, Territory or District of Columbia within which the naval reservation is located, but reside on, or in the vicinity of the reservation only for relatively short periods until the completion of the particular tour of duty. They receive few of the benefits afforded permanent residents of the community and do not benefit generally from the revenues collected by the community and State. They are compelled to contribute indirectly, but substantially, to those revenues, however, through paying high rent and other costs of living and of moving to and from the locality which attach to those who reside but temporarily in a community. This situation frequently causes great hardship to naval personnel especially those in the lower pay brackets. Through the commissary stores and other sales agencies concerned necessities

are supplied at a cost commensurate with the pay of naval personnel. In this connection, one of the principal reasons advanced by the Congress in its consideration of the Pay Readjustment Act approved June 10, 1922 (40 Stat. 625; USC Tit. 37, sec. 1, et seq.) for not increasing Navy pay was that commissary privileges carried some compensation. The Navy Department is of the opinion that it would be unfair to create additional hardships for naval personnel by applying taxes to sales as provided in the bill S. 929. The great majority of enlisted men and young officers who are married are now experiencing difficulty in making ends meet. Thus it appears that whereas a tax to maintain state roads might not be unreasonable, a tax on all purchases, including necessities, would be unjust.

"It is noted that S. 929 places sales on Naval reservations in the same category with sales through concessions on other Government reservations such as national parks. There are fundamental differences between sales at Naval activities and sales made by a concessionaire or licensed trader. Naval stores are not operated as concessions but are government instrumentalities governed by regulations issued by the Secretary of the Navy. They are operated by Naval personnel. Sales are made to Naval personnel and not to the general public. The purpose of the activity is not to make profit for the vendor but to provide an aid to naval personnel in meeting the hardship of low pay and the necessarily expensive living conditions which attach to frequent changes of duty and the establishment of temporary residences. The margin of profit at Naval stores is small. Such profit as accrues is used in the training, education, welfare and recreation of enlisted men. Normally the purchaser at a concession is not dependent on the purchases he makes for his livelihood, whereas the purchaser at a Naval store is."

USS Tennessee Findings

The findings of the court martial which sat on the case of Capt. John T. G. Stapler, commanding officer of the USS Tennessee when she went aground off Alameda shoal, are in the hands of the Judge Advocate General of the Navy, but the decision will not be made public until approved by the Secretary of the Navy.

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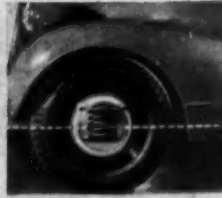
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SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1937

"For avoiding, as well as for repelling dangers that may threaten us in the future we must be prepared to enforce any policy which we think wise to adopt."

—CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant, and enlisted personnel, active and retired.
2. Promotion systems in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard openly arrived at, to assure justice in advancement, and stimulate morale.
3. Fulfillment of War Department's modernization program; combat replacements and auxiliary vessels required by the Fleet, and Baker Board strength for the Air Corps.
4. Resumption of reenlistment allowances; reform of retirement, pension and disability laws for enlisted men; and an increase in grades and ratings, with compensation for technical knowledge and skill required by modernization.
5. A National Guard of 210,500 enlisted men with officer complement, equipment and training; 14-day training for 30,000 Army reserve officers annually; funds for carrying forward the purposes of the Thomason act; enactment of a sound basic plan plus requisite funds for personnel and training of the Naval Reserve.
6. Revision of pension laws to assure widows of the Regular Services a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel whose privately owned automobiles are employed on Government business.

THERE IS EVERY INDICATION THAT the debate in the United States Senate on the Supreme Court reorganization bill will last for weeks. The President is determined through a Senate vote to obtain vindication of the serious criticisms of his proposal made by the majority of the Senate Judiciary Committee, and the opposition is just as determined to prevent any change in the composition of the Court or the number of Justices. As all of the appropriation bills have been enacted, the Administration and leaders of the House have been devising plans to keep that body in session. Should the time come when the House, because of lack of business, exercises its constitutional privilege and adjourns over every three days, public attention will be concentrated upon the Supreme Court issue, and that administration strategists prefer to avoid. Therefore the House is held in session, and to date the plans contemplate action upon the departmental reorganization program of the President, his wages and hours bill and Secretary Wallace's "ever normal" granary proposal. But all these measures if and when reported from the committees having them in charge can be disposed of promptly under rules limiting debate. Thus the House is assured of ample time in which to consider matters of vital importance not only to the country but to the Services. For example, there is crying need for pay revision. A study of this subject should be instituted and the discriminations from which the Services now suffer should be removed. Moreover, pay should be fixed in accordance with the responsibility of the duty performed. The House should take steps to restore the reenlistment allowance, to bring up to date retirement, pension and disability laws for enlisted men, and to provide for increases in grades and ratings, with compensation for technical knowledge and skill required by modernization. Service owners of automobiles should be compensated for their use for public business. Widows of the Regular Services should have adequate pensions. Appropriate Band reform legislation should be drafted. We are promised action by the House Naval Committee toward reform of the naval and marine corps selection systems; if the bills be good the House should pass them, if bad in any respect, they should be amended. The Army Housing program should be favorably reported and passed. Various plans for the improvement of the materiel of the Army and the Navy should be considered and acted upon. There are other matters which we could present for consideration, but we have said enough to show that while the Senate will be busy on the Supreme Court the House can be busy taking care of needs of national worth. The people should see to it that their representatives so proceed.

A GREAT DEAL OF SYMPATHY NATURALLY IS BEING EXPRESSED in Washington for the missing aviator Amelia Earhart, and for her devoted husband, George Putnam. But there is an undercurrent of disapproval of the use of United States ships and Coast Guard cutters, and their planes in a Pacific search for the aviator who started around the world "just for fun." The Navy Department estimates that directly looking for the aviatress are some 3800 officers and men, with many others "listening in" to hear perhaps a faint whisper from her or her pilot. Something like a hundred planes are scouring the seas or are en route to the southern island for that purpose. They are flying at all altitudes, have run into snow and hail storms, taking batterings from all kinds of weather, and running the risk of disaster. What is being done is human. It is dramatic. It is in accord, apparently, with public desire. But the United States Navy and the Coast Guard are practical institutions, the former created purely to serve National Defense, the other basically a defence organization serves in time of peace to enforce our fiscal laws. Unquestionably there is not an officer nor a man ashore or afloat who does not hope that the "First Lady" of Aviation will be rescued; all of them have a heart interest in her plight. But it is not their business to be searching for lost aviators and especially those who go forth solely for the excitement of a trip. Secretary Roper properly has given notice that the Department of Commerce hereafter will frown on "stunt" flights and that permits will not be granted until adequate safety precautions have been taken. If this decision should be enforced, the Navy Department and the Coast Guard can go about their normal affairs without danger of disturbance. In the meantime, let us hope Miss Earhart and her pilot will be found and brought home. They will be if efficiency and alertness in search are of avail.

Service Humor

Mystery

An A. E. F. doughboy in the S. O. S. was applying for leave in Paris. The C. O., who never missed the chance for a holiday in Paris himself, asked the soldier if his record justified leave privileges.

"I think so, sir," was the respectful reply. "I don't smoke, chew, drink or swear, or fool around with women."

"But still you want to go to Paris?"

"I sure do, sir!"

"Why?"

—Foreign Service, VFW.

Gyped

Judge—"You are charged with voting three times. What have you got to say about it?"

Prisoner—"Then I've been gyped. They only paid me once."

—The Veteran.

Small Error

His wife had gone to visit her mother, and had telephoned that she would not be returning until morning.

When she got back she said to her husband, "You managed to find something to eat last night, didn't you, dear?"

"Oh, yes," he replied cheerily. "I had the steak that was in the pantry and fried it with some onions I found in the cellar."

"Onions!" she gasped. "Darling, you've eaten my bulbs!"

—Exchange.

Comprehension

1st Cockney—"Hi say, 'Arry, 'ave you any lice?"

2nd Cockney—"Ead lice?"

1st Cockney—"No. Shoe lice."

—USS Tennessee Tar.

A Little Doubtful

A Negro applied at an employment agency for a job.

"There's a job open at the Eagle Laundry," he was told, "do you want that?"

"I dunno, Boss, effen I could do it," the Negro replied. "I ain't never washed an eagle."

—Windy City Breeze.

Selection

"What are you going to call that mule of yours, uncle?"

"Well, suh," answered the driver of the animal, "I ain' made up my mind. Ise tried all de names I could think of, and Ise gwine keep-on huntin' mo'. If I ever find one he pays any 'tention to, dat's whut I gwine call him."

—15th Inf. Sentinel.

Make It Complete

The Sunday drivers had picked the farmer's fruit and flowers, and their car was full of plunder. Pointing to an unexplored highway, they inquired of the farmer:

"Shall we take this road back to the city?"

"You might as well," replied the farmer. "you've got almost everything else."

—Wednesday Nite Life.

Make Ready

for more fun. Send your mirth-provokers to the Army and Navy Journal Humor Editor.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

E. W. D.—There are no plans, we are advised, to open an Army Band Leaders' School in the near future. There is no examination scheduled for Warrant Officer (band leader). There are about seven Band Leaders on the list yet to be appointed.

C. R. M.—If you will apply to the Department Commander, Hawaiian Department, he will furnish you with information relative to being commissioned in the Corps of Engineers.

E. J. B.—There was no campaign badge issued for the expedition of March 4, 1912.

P. W. F.—Transfer to foreign service of enlisted men of the Army depends upon vacancies at the foreign station, the amount of time the applicant has to serve on his current enlistment and other factors within the discretion of the applicant's commanding officer and his Corps Area Commander. If there is a vacancy and other circumstances permit his transfer it will be necessary for a man with less than two years more to serve on his enlistment to accept discharge and reenlist for service at the foreign station.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

Capt. Rowland W. Schumann, SC, USN, has been detached from duty at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, and reported for duty on July 1, as Coordinator of Traffic and Chairman of the Federal Traffic Board.

20 Years Ago

Capt. William R. Rush, USN, has received from the Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels, a letter of commendation for his work as commandant of the Boston Navy Yard. The Boston Yard replaced the stem, cleaned, and floated out a destroyer in four days.

30 Years Ago

Midshipman Lucien F. Kimball was the only member of the turret crew to escape injury in the terrific explosion aboard the USS Georgia.

50 Years Ago

Brig. Gen. Adolphus W. Greely, Chief Signal Officer, USA, has been ordered to Wood's Hull, Mass., and Block Island, to examine the Military Telegraph cables at those posts.

70 Years Ago

Admiral Farragut, USN, commanding the fleet in European waters, reported the reception aboard the Franklin of the Empress at Cherbourg.

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Department
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

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GENERAL OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. Thomas W. Darrah, is retired from active service, effective July 31.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL MALIN CRAIG, C. of S. Col. E. R. Warner McCabe (FA), is assigned to duty as Asst. Chief of Staff, G-2.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. E. T. CONLEY, The AG. Maj. Francis A. Macon, Jr., from Washington, D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sail S. F., Dec. 7.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HENRY GIBBINS, QMG. Maj. Henry J. Huinker, previous orders revoked. Upon his own application is retired from active service, effective Nov. 30, after more than 37 years' service.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES R. REYNOLDS, SG. Medical Corps. Maj. Ernest Jackson Steves, his resignation of his commission as an officer in the Army is accepted by the President.

Medical Administrative Corps

Capt. Clifford H. Perry, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to his home and await retirement.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD M. MARKHAM, C. of E. Col. Elliott J. Dent, upon his own application is retired from active service, effective Nov. 30, after more than 40 years' service. Maj. Lee S. Dillon, from Portland, Ore., to 5th Engr., Ft. Belvoir, Va., sail S. F., Aug. 11. 2nd Lt. William N. Beard, from Ft. McIntosh, Tex., to Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y. 2nd Lt. David Greene Hammond, Engr.-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in CE. To 1st Cav. Div., Ft. McIntosh, Tex. 2nd Lt. John Unsworth Allen, Engr.-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in CE. To Philippine Dept., sail S. F., Jan. 29, 1938. 2nd Lt. Jack Leslie Coan, Engr.-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in CE. To Asst. to Dist. Engr., Conchas Dam, N. M. 2nd Lt., Engr.-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in CE. To station indicated: Carroll Thompson Newton, 9th Engr., Ft. Riley, Kans.; Linwood Eugene Funchess, 1st Engr., Ft. du Pont, (Please turn to Page 968)

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NAVY ORDERS

July 1, 1937

Lt. Joyce C. Cawthon, on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island; to West Virginia.

Lt. Paul S. Crandall, det. Concord, Aug. 1; to Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Lt. Charles N. Day, det. Subm. Div. 11, Aug. 1; c. f. o. Stirling and on bd. when comm.

Lt. Paul G. Haas, ors. May 29 revoked. Det. 4th Nav. Dist.; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Phila.

Lt. William White, det. Schenck, Aug. 11; to Nav. Gun Factory, NYd., Wash.

Lt. Paul G. Wrenn, on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego; to command Vireo.

Lt. (jg) Charles C. Gold, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, July 16; to VB-3 (Saratoga).

Ens. Willard J. Bain, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VT-3 (Saratoga).

Ens. Albert L. Carlson, det. Sicard; to Asiatic Station.

Ens. Ernest E. Christensen, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, July 16; to VF Sqdn. 3 (Saratoga).

Ens. Charles F. Fischer, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, July 16; to VS-3 (Saratoga).

Ens. Edward H. C. Fredericks, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VB-4 (Ranger).

Ens. Thompson C. Guthrie, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VS-2 (Lexington).

Ens. Edwin H. Schantz, det. Semmes; to Truxtun.

Comdr. John T. Bennett (MC), det. Arkansas, Aug. 25; to Nav. Hosp., Annapolis.

Lt. Comdr. Enoch G. Brian (MC), det. Ramapo; to Northampton.

Lt. Comdr. Arthur H. Pierson (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island; to 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco.

Lt. Comdr. George W. Davis (SC), det. NYd., Mare Island; to Medusa.

Lt. Comdr. William C. Jahnke (SC), det. Medusa; to continue trmt. Relief.

Lt. Comdr. Lewis N. Moeller (CEC), det. NYd., Pearl Harbor; to Nav. Operating Base, San Diego.

July 2, 1937

Comdr. Herbert V. Wiley, det. CO, Sirius, July; to Naval Academy.

Lt. Louis A. Drexler, det. O. in C., Br. Hydro. Office, Sault Ste. Marie; to c. f. o. Philadelphia and on bd. when comm.

Lt. Paul L. Dudley, det. VT 7B (Yorktown); to Nav. Air Sta., Norfolk.

Lt. Elder P. Johnson, det. Nitro, July 20; to NYd., Phila.

Lt. Wallace S. Newton, det. NYd., Wash., Aug. 1; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Edward M. Bingham, desp. ors. May 18 and 19 revoked. Continue duty Montgomery. Orders March 29 revoked.

Lt. (jg) William J. Dimitrijevic, det. 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco; to Farragut.

Lt. (jg) Dale R. Frakes, ors. by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To Lamberton instead 13th Naval District.

Lt. (jg) George E. Garcia, ors. March 16 revoked. Continue duty VP 4F, Pearl Harbor, T. H. To trmt. Nav. Hosp., in U. S.

Lt. (jg) Albert D. Kaplan, det. Montgomery; to Bushnell.

Lt. (jg) Charles E. Phillips, to duty Enterprise.

Lt. (jg) Robert T. Simpson, det. Reuben James, Aug. 14; to resignation accepted effective Oct. 14.

Lt. (jg) Selden C. Small, det. Semmes; to Broome.

Lt. (jg) Robert S. Trower, 3rd, ors. by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, instead Naval Academy.

Ens. Emory A. Grantham, det. Naval Academy, July 12; to Quincy.

Ens. Arthur C. House, Jr., det. Houston; to J. Fred Talbot.

Ens. Harold W. McDonald, det. Claxton; to Childs.

Ens. Grayson Merrill, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, July 16; to VT-3 (Saratoga).

Ens. Marcus R. Peppard, Jr., det. Maryland; to Tillman.

July 3, 1937

Ch. Bosn. Gerard J. O'Brien, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Sept. 1; to Milwaukee.

Ch. Bosn. George R. Groh, on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego; to duty Receiving Sta., Puget Sound.

Ch. Gunner William C. Batchelor, det. Vestal, July 15; to NYd., Wash.

Ch. Gunner Edward L. Moyer, det. Astoria, Dec. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Gunner William Grigsby, det. 8-30; to Cormorant.

Gunner Robert E. Weaver, det. Colorado; to Tanager.

Ch. Mach. Thomas Downs, det. Asst. Nav. Insp. of Machy., Newport News Shipbldg. &

Dry Dock Co., Sept. 15; to Salinas.

Ch. Mach. Martin J. Moore, det. Reina Mercedes, Nov. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ch. Mach. Lawrence W. Ott, det. NYd., New York, Sept. 1; to cfo Brooklyn and on board when comm.

Mach. George Bullat, det. California; to Colorado.

Mach. Eli Fildes, Jr., det. Colorado, Sept. 1; to duty as Resident Insp. of Naval Matl., Birmingham.

Mach. David L. Fincher, det. Medusa, July 1; to Algoma.

Mach. Robert H. Lynn, det. Partridge, Sept. 7; to Rigel.

Mach. Robert C. Pound, det. Swallow; to Pelican.

Ch. Rad. Elec. Peter A. E. Greenwell, det. West Virginia, Sept. 1; to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego.

Ch. Elec. Elmer A. Barton, det. Lamberton, Aug. 20; to Portland.

Ch. Elec. William R. Dillow, det. 3rd Nav. Dist., Sept. 1; to Medusa.

Ch. Pharm. Robert H. Stanley, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, in Aug.; to Asiatic Station.

Ch. Carp. Frank Welch, det. NYd., Boston, Sept. 1; to cfo Honolulu and on board when comm.

Carp. William B. Odum, det. Chester; to Lexington.

July 6, 1937

Capt. Andrew S. Hickey, det. Nav. Observatory, Wash., Aug. 2; to duty as Comdr. Dest. Sq. Three.

Ens. John A. Horton, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VP 16 (Thrush).

Ens. Curtis H. Hutchings, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VP 17 (Thrush).

Ens. Harold J. Von Weller, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola; to VP 14 (Owl).

Comdr. Frank H. Haigler, (MC), ors. June 3 revoked. Continue duty Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, N. H.

Lt. Comdr. Charles L. Tompkins, (DC), det. Chaumont, Sept. 9; to Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego.

(Please turn to Page 972)

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MARINE CORPS

July 6, 1937

Lt. Col. Lloyd L. Leech, detailed AA&I, effective June 30.

Maj. Arnold C. Larsen, July 1, det. MB, Wash., to MB, NOB, Norfolk. Auth. delay one month in reporting.

Capt. William M. O'Brien, relieved from duty with 1st Marine Brig., FM, MB, Quantico, assigned to MB, Quantico.

Capt. Lyman G. Miller, assigned to Staff, Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico.

Capt. Clinton E. Fox, det. VO Sq. 9M, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, V. I., to 1st Marine Brig. FMF, MB, Quantico, via first available commercial steamer. Detail to duty involving flying revoked.

1st Lt. Clifford H. Shuey, Aug. 28, det. 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, to Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, to report not later than Sept. 3.

1st Lt. Michael McG. Mahoney, July 6, det. MB, NYd., New York, to MB, NYd., Cavite, via Henderson, sailing Norfolk, Aug. 17. Auth. delay to Aug. 16, enroute to Norfolk.

1st Lt. Charles E. Chapel, July 3, det. MB, Wash., and ordered home to retire as of Sept. 1.

(Please turn to Page 971)

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Passing of Army Hostesses—With the advent of the new fiscal year the number of hostesses available to the Army under the 1938 appropriations is reduced to 11 at a total cost of \$19,680 and the number of librarians to 3 at a cost of \$7,700. Under the policy announced by The Adjutant General's Department there will be no replacement of these efficient agencies of the Army, but whatever money is made available by the resignation or deaths of such personnel will be diverted to other purposes under the heading of welfare of enlisted men.

The position of hostess came into the service with the World War and it was found to fill a most valuable place. In hearings before the House Appropriations Committee it has been explained that the hostesses conduct clubs where enlisted men go for entertainment and recreation, they supervise entertainment and recreation, they supervise dances and other social activities and provide young women of proper character to attend the dances. One of their main duties is to assist wives and children of soldiers in times of sickness and distress and to visit the sick in hospitals. They also cooperate with civic and other organizations in adjoining civil communities to arrange proper and decent social relaxation for the enlisted men. As the years went on following the World War, and pressure for economy grew, there became greater and greater pressure from Congress, particularly from Representative Collins of Mississippi, against appropriations for the pay of hostesses. Finally there was an understanding reached between representatives of The Adjutant General's Department and the Appropriations Committee that there would be no replacement of hostesses, the Adjutant General's representatives stating that as the hostesses resigned or died their places would not be filled.

The passing of this important post is most significant in the development of the service. As Lt. Col. W. O. Rawls, AGD, told the committee during the hearings on the 1937 bill, the "Truth of the business is they ought to have a whole lot more" hostesses. Earlier, Maj. J. J. Teter, AGD, testified that post commanders all speak very highly of the hostesses and they all try to get them for their posts. At one time there was a study looking toward the setting of a definite ratio between the number of enlisted men and the number of hostesses but apparently the pressure from the appropriations committee led to a cessation of any efforts along that line.

In the hearings on the 1937 bill it was testified that at that time there were hostesses at the following posts: Ft. Adams, R. I.; Governors Island, N. Y.; Ft. Monroe, Va.; Ft. Myer, Va.; Ft. McPherson, Ga.; Ft. Hayes, Ohio; Ft. Sheridan, Ill.; Ft. Snelling, Minn.; Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; Ft. Sill, Okla.; Ft. Lewis, Wash., and Schofield Barracks, T. H.

To Select Additional Medical and Dental Officers—Under the new Army appropriation bill, the Medical Department is authorized an increase of 50 medical officers and 25 dental officers. The War Department has announced an examination, to be held September 13-17, 1937, both dates inclusive, for the purpose of qualifying candidates for appointment as First Lieutenants, Medical Corps, to fill the newly created vacancies.

The examination is open to all male graduates of recognized medical schools who have completed one year's internship in an approved hospital and who will not be over 32 years of age at the time it will be possible to tender a commission.

The examination will be conducted by boards of experienced medical officers convened throughout the United States, and will consist of a physical examination, a written examination in professional subjects, and a determination of the candidate's adaptability for military service.

The dental officers will be selected from the successful applicants who took the examination given on June 17-19, 1937. The papers of those who took this examination have not yet been graded, and in the event that there are not enough men qualified by the examination, another will be given.

Full information and application blanks will be furnished upon request addressed to The Adjutant General, War Department, Washington, D. C. Applications will not be considered after August 31, 1937.

Economy in Service Expenditures—Budgetary officials of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard are busy working on plans to effect as much savings in their 1938 appropriations as possible under the President's announced intention of slicing ten per cent from governmental expenditures wherever possible. With budgets already cut as close as leaders figured consistent with National Defense interests, it is feared that if a full ten per cent reduction is forced considerable harm would result. However, there is hope that such will not be the case for President Roosevelt announced that he did not think the reduction could be fully effected in the armed services.

It will be recalled that earlier in the present session of Congress, leaders in the Senate started movements to make a ten per cent cut in all appropriations mandatory as a move toward balancing of the budget. These bills are still pending but it is believed that the President's announcement will forestall action upon them for, should they be pushed, the answer would be that such a reduction already is being made on the President's own volition.

Stations for New Officers—Following their confirmation by Congress, the 50 officers commissioned in the Regular Army under the provisions of the Thomason Act were issued orders this week for their first regular stations. Thirty-seven of them are assigned to the posts at which they are now stationed as designated in the list published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week. The other thirteen will be transferred as follows: 2nd Lt. Carroll T. Newton, CE, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Ft. Riley, Kans.; 2nd Lt. David G. Hammond, CE, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Ft. McIntosh, Tex.; 2nd Lt. Arthur H. Baker, FA, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Ft. Ethan Allen, Va.; 2nd Lt. Linwood E. Funchess, CE, to Ft. DuPont, Dela.; 2nd Lt. William A. Enemark, FA, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Ft. Bliss, Tex.; 2nd Lt. William S. McCrea, Inf., from Ft. George Wright, Wash., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash.; 2nd Lt. John G. Nelson, CAC, from Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif., to Panama Canal Department; 2nd Lt. John U. Allen, CE, from Ft. Lawton, Wash., to Philippine Department; 2nd Lt. Lyman H. Ripley, CAC, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Panama Canal Department; 2nd Lt. Thomas R. Simson, CE, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Ft. DuPont, Dela.; 2nd Lt. Otho A. Moomaw, CAC, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Panama Canal Department; 2nd Lt. Jack L. Coan, CE, from Ft. Belvoir, Va., to Conchas Dam, N. Mex.; and 2nd Lt. Willard W. Lazarus,

AC, from Brooks Field, Tex., to Moffett Field, Calif. 2nd Lt. Joseph W. Sisson Inf., who was carried on last week's list as being at Ft. Hoyle, Md., actually is at Ft. Howard, Md., where he will remain for his first station.

Fourth Army Rents "Battlefields"—With mobilization of 55,797 men for the Fourth Army maneuvers scheduled to begin August first, army rents and claims officers are already in the field at the four concentration points for reconnaissance purposes and to make final arrangements for land leases in the area to be used by the troops.

For the first time since the World War private land will be called into extensive use in the Fourth Army area and citizens will give general cooperation to the United States Army plans by allowing participating forces to deploy over rangeland, forests and meadows. How the army meets the "real estate" problem is an interesting part of the maneuvers.

The regular federal and state areas must necessarily be supplemented by thousands of acres of private land and long before actual occupation all agreements with landowners will be cared for and real estate boards appointed.

The four points of concentration for the first maneuvers of the Fourth Army—San Luis Obispo, Calif.; Ft. Lewis, Wash.; Camp Ripley, Minn.; and Ft. Riley, Kans.—will offer every conceivable type of terrain for army operations and in civil life would be a realtor's dream of diversified countryside. Thus the area for the maneuvers ranges from the picturesque woodlands where the early conquistadores mixed poetry with war to the rolling meadowlands near the junction of the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers.

Some conception of the work of the rents and claims officers who act as the real estate men of the Army is revealed by the specific situation in the San Luis Obispo area in California. First the desired land is blocked out on field maps and then under the direct supervision of Maj. S. G. Blanton, Rents and Claims Officer of the Fourth Army, a preliminary survey of the area is made and leases are signed with the farmers and other landowners. Field headquarters were established June 15 in the California Polytechnic School at the outskirts of San Luis Obispo. The government leases the land at a nominal rental and agrees to an equitable and rapid settlement of all damage claims. This procedure is essentially the same for all four points of concentration.

An interesting sidelight on the work of the rents and claims officers in California is that during the maneuvers permanent details for fence repair work are at hand to see that cattle will not stray from one rangeland to another. After maneuvers a complete inventory of the land is taken and compared with the first survey. Thus the officers in charge of this work are first on the scene and last to leave.

Damage to terrain caused by troop movements is slight. During the Second Army maneuvers held last summer in Michigan in which a total of 41,272 acres of private land was in use the damage amounted to less than \$100.00.

Cooperation with the army maneuvers has been excellent, it is reported, and insures the success of Fourth Army plans. To assist the regular officers real estate boards composed chiefly of prominent citizens in each area have been set up for purposes of local control and to assist in the land evaluation problems.

In the case of the First Army maneuvers held in 1935, 450 farmers in the state of New York leased 60,000 acres of land for army use. Thus before a countryside following normal pursuits of agriculture and grazing is changed into an arena for war there is a definite program of advance work to insure army and civilian cooperation.

On Saturday, June 19th, a very important meeting of the senior officers and many of the staff officers was held at Fort Riley during which the most important point considered was that of comfortable housing of their troops. Funds are extremely limited and great skill must be exercised in their expenditure in order to secure the maximum comfort and well-being of the command.

Over twenty-five officers were present, including Brigadier General Amos Thomas, Commanding General 60th Infantry Brigade, Nebraska National Guard; Brigadier General Milton R. McLean, The Adjutant General, Kansas National Guard; Brigadier General Edward M. Stayton, Commanding General 17th Infantry Brigade, Missouri National Guard; and Colonel Ralph E. Truman, Chief of Staff, 35th Division, Missouri National Guard.

The group met at the post and then adjourned to Camp Whiteside for an inspection of the camp and facilities, after which they met at the Officers' Club for luncheon.

Brigadier General Guy V. Henry, USA, commanding Fort Riley, was represented by Colonel Clarence Lininger, the Assistant Commandant.

Infantry Appointments Under Thomason Act—The accomplishments of Lt. Col. Joseph S. Leonard, Inf., post commander, and his officers at Ft. Lincoln, N. D., where the 3rd Battalion, 4th Infantry, is stationed, in successfully training four of the reserve officers who last week won regular appointments under the Thomason Act finds a close rival in the 12th Infantry, under command of Col. Frederick W. Manley, Inf., USA, which although split between Ft. Howard and Ft. Washington, Md., won four of the appointments. Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., a brigade post, also captured four appointments. The original list of appointments, as issued by the Department, made it appear that Ft. Howard had won only one appointment whereas two officers were selected from that Post. 2nd Lt. Joseph W. Sisson, Jr., Inf., was listed as being at Ft. Hoyle whereas he received his year's training at Ft. Howard. This places Ft. Howard among those posts winning two appointments and makes the 12th Infantry winner of four.

Threaten Post of San Juan—The important military post of San Juan, Puerto Rico, again is the object of a legislative attack which threatens to transfer control of the reservation from the War Department to the Interior Department. The House Committee on Lands has favorably reported out HR 7487 "to establish the San Juan National Monument, P. R." The bill would establish a national monument at San Juan which would include the entire main reservation of the Post and other structures and areas pertaining to the Post and also would place the areas under the Secretary of the Interior for administration, protection, and development, virtually effecting a transfer of jurisdiction from the War Department to the Department of the Interior.

The main station of the Regular Army in Puerto Rico, the Post of San Juan is the home of the 65th Infantry, less the 1st Battalion which is at Henry Barracks, and has a detachment of the 2nd Ordnance Service Company, a detachment of the 4th Signal Service Company, a Hospital, and Quartermaster and Finance Detachments. The Post itself comprises 155 acres and is located on the point of the island of San Juan where is also located the principal part of the City of San Juan. About 55 officers and 1,006 enlisted men are stationed there. It is the headquarters of all mili-

tary activities on the Island and has warehouses for the storage of supplies for the entire command, shops and medical supplies. The improvements alone cost more than three and a half million dollars.

The location of the reservation at the entrance of the Harbor makes it of high strategic value as does the fact that it is close to the Capitol and other Government buildings, and the principal commercial and shipping sections of the city. This naturally has psychological advantages in that the military power of the sovereign government has been located here ever since Puerto Rico became a Spanish Colony.

Studies in the past have established that no suitable site for the relocation of the Post is available on the Island even at the high cost necessary. Henry Barracks is exceedingly hard to get to even with Army trucks and the road is too dangerous to travel at night with safety.

The bill, which is now on the Union Calendar, carries a proviso that the President may authorize the use of the lands by other Federal agencies when deemed not detrimental to the purpose of the national monument. However dual control over such a post by military and non-military Departments would be difficult to handle successfully.

The committee in reporting the measure states that the preservation of structures of historic interest and the making of them available to tourists are among the objects of the bill. It must be stated in this connection that the War Department has kept the buildings in as fine a state of preservation as possible with the funds available. Although much relief money was made available for Puerto Rico none could be obtained by the War Department for such work. Of course, the buildings are accessible to the public under present conditions; as a matter of fact they are visited by about 5,000 tourists annually.

General Board Report—While attention of late has been directed to the Bureau of Navigation's studies of the officer promotion situation and the bill which is expected to be introduced in the next few days, the demand among individual officers that the General Board report on the subject be brought out into the open continues unabated. Here is a study made by a group of the Navy's best minds, it is said, the result of seven months work by the senior advisory body of the Service, shown to only a choice few and then shelved. The explanation that General Board reports are confidential to the Secretary and therefore this one should not be made public is not very well received throughout the Service. The content of the report by its very nature could contain nothing which would aid a foreign power. Its confidential status could be changed by a stroke of the Secretary's pen. Members of the service are therefore forced to the conclusion that the failure to acquaint the service with the contents of the report is solely due to the desire of some officials that the measure be suppressed. The reason is not clear. The report is understood to recommend the abandonment of selection up in the lower grades with substitution of selection out, reduction in the admissions to the Naval Academy, retention of officers not selected on active duty, transfer of passed over officers to a Reserve list instead of the retired list, limitation on the number of officers in the higher ranks of the Staff Corps, and selection of rear admirals from the lower half to the upper half. Some of these proposals are contained in the Bureau of Navigation's present bill. Others have been freely discussed in this connection. Is the latter recommendation and the fact that most of the Departmental bureau chiefs are rear admirals of the lower half the stumbling block or is it the mere fact that the Bureau of Navigation plan differs from the General Board plan, officers are asking. When hearings begin on the Navigation bill before the House Naval Committee, there is sure to be demand for the report and those following the situation believe that its publication would do much to clear the air and bring about a satisfactory solution of the problem.

Cruisers to Alaskan Waters—That the Navy should be familiar with our possessions in Alaska and the Aleutian Islands is the motivating decision of high ranking Navy officials as the cruisers Northampton, Salt Lake City, Pensacola, Chicago, and Louisville, together with the aircraft carrier Langley and her brood of 24 patrol planes comprising squadrons VP 7, VP 9, and VP 12, steamed northward.

The Aleutians are the most north-west borders of our country, and, in event of war, would be our north-west line of defense. Recent developments in aviation and the unsettled condition of European affairs, have made it more important that the Navy be thoroughly acquainted with the area in and surrounding them.

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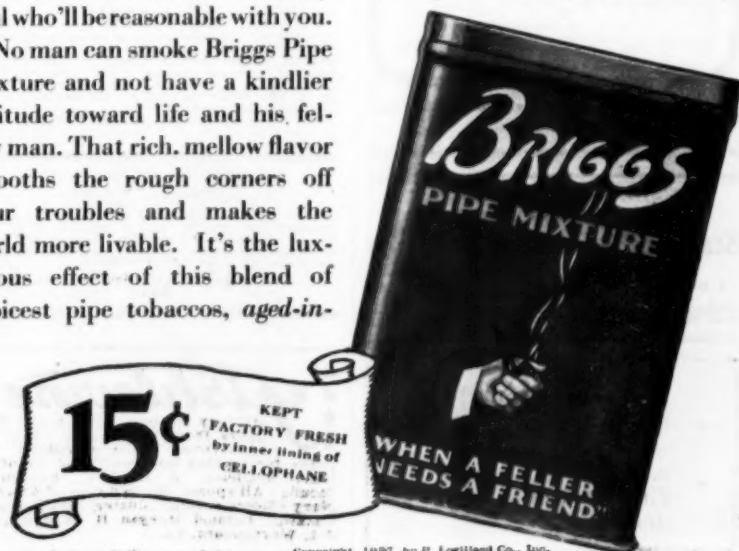
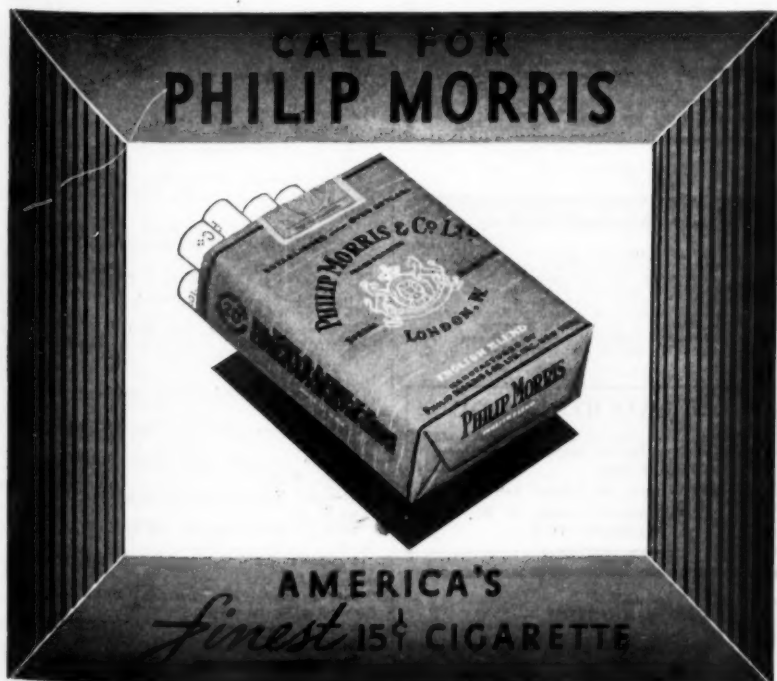


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(Continued from Page 965)

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ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM H. TSCHAPPAT, C. of O.
Lt. Col. Charles M. Roberts, is retired from active duty, effective July 31.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JAMES B. ALLISON, CSO.
From present duty at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to student, SC School, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.:
Capt. Loren D. Pegg (Cavalry).
1st Lt. Earle F. Cook.
1st Lt. Albert J. Mandelbaum.
1st Lt. Robert E. Schukraft.
1st Lt. Kenneth F. Zitzman.
2nd Lt. Russell E. Nicholls.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. WALTER C. BAKER, C. of CWB.
Capt. Maurice E. Jennings, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to 1st Div., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. LEON B. KROMER, C. of Cav.
Col. Arthur Poillon, from Harrisburg, Pa., to Camp Dix, N. J.
Capt. William S. Biddle, 3rd, from Ft. Meade, S. D., to Governors Island, N. Y.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. UPTON BIRNIE, JR., C. of FA.
Capt. Conrad G. Follansbee, from Elizabethton, Tenn., to Louisiana State Univ., and Agric. and Mech. College, Baton Rouge, La.
Capt. Ernest A. Elwood, from Ft. Riley, Kan., to Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.
1st Lt. Robert W. Meals, previous orders revoked.

Flying Cadet William Andrew Enemark, appointed 2nd Lt., in FA. To 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex.

2nd Lts. FA-Res., appointed 2nd Lts. in FA. To station indicated: Robert Whitsett van de Velde, 5th FA, Madison Bks., N. Y.; Arthur Howland Baker, Jr., 7th FA, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.; Elmer Bolton Kennedy, 6th FA, Ft. Hoyle, Md.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. A. H. SUNDERLAND, C. of CAC.
Lt. Col. William R. Nichols, from Organized Reserves, 3rd Corps Area, and present duties at Ft. Monroe, Va., to 3rd CA Dist., Ft. Monroe, Va.

Capt. William B. Hawthorne, from mine planter, "Joseph Henry," Ft. Hancock, N. J., to mine planter "Gen. John M. Schofield," Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lt. John Gordon Nelson, CA-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in CAC. To Panama Canal Dept., sail S. F., Aug. 11.

Following 2nd Lts., CA-Res., appointed 2nd Lts. in CAC. To Panama Canal Dept., sail N. Y., Aug. 4: Lyman Hodges Ripley, 8th Anthony Moomaw.

2nd Lts., CA-Res., appointed 2nd Lts. in CAC. To station indicated: Edward Wallace McLain, 13th CA, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.; Jabus Willie Rawls, Jr., 13th CA, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.; George William Croker, 13th CA, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. LYNCH, C. of Inf.
Maj. George H. Passmore, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to Connecticut State College, Storrs, Conn.

From 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga., to staff, Inf. School, Ft. Benning, Ga.: Maj. Arthur R. Walk, Capt. James H. McDonough, Capt. Harry J. Wheaton.

Capt. Howard D. Criswell, from Schofield Bks., T. H., to Univ. of Hawaii, Honolulu, T. H.

Capt. Richard G. McKee, from Schofield Bks., T. H., to McKinley High School, Honolulu, T. H.

Capt. Augustus J. Regnier, from Philippine Dept., to 2nd Div., Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.

Capt. Edwin U. O. Waters, from Plattsburg Bks., N. Y., to Univ. of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho, sail N. Y., Aug. 4.

Following 2nd Lts., Inf.-Res., appointed 2nd Lts. in Regular Army, to station indicated: Donald Clinton Clayman, 28th Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Laurence Clifford Brown, 28th Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Joseph Russell Groves, 17th Inf., Ft. Crook, Nebr.

Arthur George Christensen, 4th Inf., Ft. Lincoln, N. D.
Chester Martin Beaver, 4th Inf., Ft. Lincoln, N. D.

Paul Thomas Boleyn, 4th Inf., Ft. Lincoln, N. D.

Frederick William Nagle, 4th Inf., Ft. Lincoln, N. D.

Harry Gantcliffe Benion, 34th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

William Shepherd Humphries, 34th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Jesse Mechem, 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.

(Continued on next Page)

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

William Hart Hanson, 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.
 Arthur Charles Harris, jr., 12th Inf., Ft. Howard, Md.
 Joseph Warren Sisson, jr., 12th Inf., Ft. Howard, Md.
 Walter Ward Davis, 7th Inf., Vancouver Bks., Wash.
 John Willis Paddock, 7th Inf., Vancouver Bks., Wash.
 Merten Kenneth Heimstead, 2nd Inf., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.
 Thaddeus Ronsaville Dulin, 12th Inf., Ft. Washington, Md.
 Philip Cochran Tinley, 12th Inf., Ft. Washington, Md.
 Leon John de Penne Rouge, 30th Inf., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.
 Gaylord Walton Fraser, 18th Inf., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.
 Donald Frederick Thompson, 18th Inf., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.
 William Sherbourne McCrea, 7th Inf., Vancouver Bks., Wash.
 Byron William Ladd, 6th Inf., Jefferson Bks., Mo.
 Andrew Buehler Zwaska, 6th Inf., Jefferson Bks., Mo.
 Donald Washington, 5th Inf., Ft. Williams, Maine.
 Charles Robert Etzler, 18th Inf., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.
 Edward Francis Kent, 18th Inf., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.
 James Jackson Stewart, jr., 8th Inf., Ft. Screven, Ga.
 Francis Carlton Truesdale, 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
 Charles Murray Henley, 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
 Steve Archie Chappuis, 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
 Joe Stallings Lawrie, 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. OSCAR WESTOVER, C. of AC.
 Lt. Col. Dudley B. Howard (major), from Wright Fld., Ohio, to Ft. Sill, Okla.
 From Scott Fld., Ill., to ACTC, Randolph Fld., Tex.: Capt. Gerald G. Johnston, Capt. John A. Tarro.
 Capt. Arthur J. Lehman, from Mitchel Fld., N. Y., to ACTC, Randolph Fld., Tex.
 1st Lt. Harold W. Grant, from Brooks Fld., Tex., to Bolling Fld., D. C.
 1st Lt. Forrest G. Allen, from Chanute Fld., Ill., to Maxwell Fld., Ala.
 1st Lt. Jesse Auton, from Bolling Fld., D. C., to O. of Asst. Sec. of War, Washington, D. C.
 From Langley Fld., Va., to Mass. Institute of Tech., Cambridge, Mass.: 1st Lt. Marcellus Duffy, 1st Lt. William O. Senter, 1st Lt. Edwin G. Simenson.
 2nd Lt. Willard Wright Lazarus, Air-Res., appointed 2nd Lt., in AC. To Moffett Fld., Calif.

PROMOTIONS

The promotion of each of the following named officers is announced:
 Maj. William J. Mische, MC, to Lt. Col.
 Maj. Claude W. Cummings, MC, to Lt. Col.
 Capt. Douglas S. Kellogg, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Loren D. Moore, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Arthur B. Welsh, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Eugene W. Billick, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Earle Standlee, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Cecil W. Dingman, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. William Kraus, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Renel E. Hewitt, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Martin E. Griffin, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Mack M. Green, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. William E. Shamborn, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Charles H. Beasley, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Clifford A. Best, MC, to Maj.
 Capt. Alvin L. Gorby, MC, to Maj.
 1st Lt. Donald M. Ward, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Angwald Vickoren, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. William E. Barry, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Emmert C. Lentz, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. James L. Snyder, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Raymond R. Johanson, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Thair C. Rich, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Frank H. Lane, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Byron G. McKibben, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. John DeW. Morley, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Frederic E. Cressman, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Robert T. Gants, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Edward B. Payne, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. George F. Peer, MC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Harold E. Harrison, MC, to Capt.
 Capt. Mackey J. Real, DC, to Maj.
 1st Lt. William E. Jennings, VC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. Curtis W. Betsold, VC, to Capt.
 1st Lt. John S. Kelly, ChC., to Capt.
 Maj. Robert H. Lowry, jr., MC, to Lt. Col.
 Maj. Richard K. Cole, MC, to Lt. Col.
 1st Lt. Marshall N. Jensen, MC, to Capt.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Jack T. Goodrum, from Philippine Dept., to Delaware Ord. Depot, Pedricktown, N. J.
 W. O. Laurence H. Gareau, from Ft. Hancock, N. J., to Panama Canal Dept., sail N. Y., Nov. 3.
 W. O. Charles H. Gebhart, from Panama Canal Dept., to Harbor Defense of Sandy

Hook, Ft. Hancock, N. J.
 W. O. Clarence A. Michael, from Pedricktown, N. J., to OD, Philippine Dept.
 W. O. George Neumueller, from Governors Island, N. Y., to AGD, port of embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 W. O. James J. Ryan, from Governors Island, N. Y., to AGD, Ft. Totten, N. Y.
 W. O. Ernest W. Jones, from Hawaiian Dept., to JAGD, Hdq. 1-st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex.
 W. O. Roy J. Miller, from Ft. Bliss, Tex., to JAGD, Hawaiian Dept., sail S. F., Nov. 13.
 W. O. Howard Van Winkle, from Ft. Haves, Ohio, to SC, Hdq. 2nd Corps Area, Governors Island, N. Y.
 M. Sgt. Homer J. Grubb, appointed W. O. To AGD, Hdq. 7th Corps Area, Omaha, Neb.
 M. Sgt. Frank F. Flagel, appointed W. O. To FD, Hdq. 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga.
 T. Sgt. Francis E. Ulmer, appointed W. O. To AGD, Hdq. 7th Corps Area, Omaha, Neb.

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

Pvt. 1st Cl. William V. Foley, 17th Signal Service Company, Washington, D. C., is transferred, July 10, 1937, in the grade of private, to the 51st Signal Battalion, to Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

The following enlisted men will be placed on the retired list at the place indicated on July 31, 1937:

M. Sgt. James E. Slater, DEML, Hartford, Conn.
 M. Sgt. William Busch, Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y.
 Sgt. Vicente Contapay, CAC (PS), Ft. Mills, P. I., with rank of 1st Sgt.
 Sgt. Marcelo Tapao, Inf. (PS), Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I.
 M. Sgt. Cipriano Tolentino, CE (PS), Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I.

RESERVES

2nd Lt. Hamish McLelland, Air-Res., to three-year tour active duty at Middletown Air

Depot, Middletown, Pa., July 5.

2nd Lt. T. K. Dorsett, Air-Res., to three-year tour active duty at San Antonio Air Depot, Duncan Fld., Tex., July 15.

2nd Lt. S. G. Harvey, Air-Res., from Brooks Fld., Tex., to Mitchel Fld., N. Y.

2nd Lt. A. H. Hoffedits, Air-Res., from Brooks Fld., Tex., to Post Fld., Ft. Sill, Okla.
 Capt. R. Milne, Sig.-Res., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

2nd Lt. W. P. Welch, jr., Ord.-Res., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Maj. B. A. Moxness, Med.-Res., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

1st Lt. C. B. White, Med.-Res., to six-month tour active duty at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., July 3.

2nd Lt. R. J. MacKinnon, Fin.-Res., to Ft. Devens, Mass.

2nd Lt. L. A. Taylor, Ord.-Res., to Raritan Arsenal, N. J.

(Please turn to Page 971)

AIRCRAFT DESIGN COMPETITIONS

WAR DEPARTMENT, Materiel Division, Air Corps, Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, Office of the Contracting Officer.—The War Department invites the submission in competition of sealed bids covering airplanes under conditions set forth more particularly in the following advertisements: Circular Proposal No. 37-650 dated June 24, 1937, Short Range Amphibian Type described in U. S. Army Specification No. 98-412 dated April 5, 1937, bids to be submitted to the Contracting Officer not later than 1:00 P. M., Eastern Standard time February 24, 1938—and, Circular Proposal No. 37-740 dated June 24, 1937, Transport Cargo (two engined) Type described in U. S. Army Specification No. 98-308 dated April 1, 1937, bids to be submitted to Contracting Officer not later than 1:00 P. M., Eastern Standard time December 28, 1937. Full particulars with respect to said advertisements may be obtained upon application to the Contracting Officer, Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, R. W. Propst, Major, Air Corps, Contracting Officer.



PRIVATE SMALTZ IS HAVING
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Kellogg's Rice Krispies put a new thrill in morning mess. These crunchy bubbles of toasted rice are so crisp they actually snap and crackle in milk or cream.

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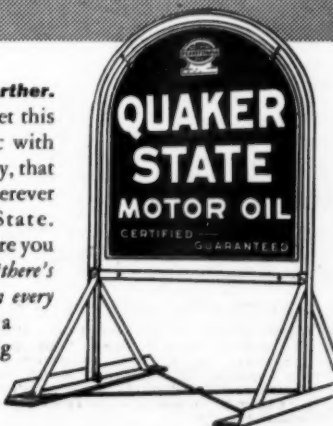
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 in milk or cream

Personals

1st Lt. and Mrs. William N. Taylor, Inf., USA, with their infant son, and Cadet Oliver B. Taylor, Second Class United States Military Academy, are visiting their parents, Col. and Mrs. W. W. Taylor, jr., (Inf.) IGD, USA, at 4420 Roland Avenue, Baltimore, Md. Lieutenant Taylor is enroute from Hawaii to the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Lt. Comdr. Edwin W. Holden, USNR, and Mrs. Holden have recently moved into their new home, which was built to their order, in Baldwin, Long Island, N. Y. The estate has been named "DUN-SAILIN" and was christened by Rear Adm. Harry G. Hamlet, USCG-Ret., who has been a very close friend of the Holdens for many years. Commander and Mrs. Holden will be at home to their friends after July 15.

On the fourth of July, most of the officers and ladies of Ft. DuPont, Dela. gathered at the gate to welcome Lt. Klock and his bride, the former Miss Margaret Hummer of Titusville, Pa., and to revive the old custom of driving newly-weds into the post on a pontoon boat. After an hour and a half of waiting, however, the welcoming committee grew weary and started to console themselves with the refreshments prepared at the club for the occasion. At that point the bride and groom put in an appearance to the great relief and pleasure of all present. Their lateness was most logically explained by a reference to the holiday traffic and the party ended with a zest that was sadly lacking in the beginning.

Lt. Col. L. T. Howard, MC, USA, has bought "Cherry Hill," a 124 acre farm in Charles Co., Southern Maryland. The dwelling which is brick-nogged type, having fine old chimneys, is located on a high knoll overlooking the Wicomico River. Leonard Snider, La Plata, Md., negotiated the sale.

Comdr. Frank Luckel, USN-Ret., now residing at San Diego, Calif., has taken the position of assistant to the president of the San Diego Trust & Savings Bank.

On Tuesday, July 6, Rear Adm. W. T. Cluverius, USN, Commandant, Fourth Naval District, entertained the Commanding Officer and officers of the "Presidente Sarmiento," the Argentine Training Ship, at his quarters in the Navy Yard.

Weddings and Engagements

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frederick R. Garcin, CWS, USA, of Ft. Sam Houston announce the engagement of their daughter Elizabeth to Lt. John R. Kelly of Kelly Field.

Miss Jean McMillen, daughter of Capt. Fred. E. McMillen, SC, USN, and Mrs. McMillen, now stationed at the Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Va., was married July 3, 1937, to Mr. Hugh R. Jones, son of Mrs. Hugh R. Jones of New Hartford, N. Y. and the late Mr. Jones. The ceremony took place at one P. M. in the Church of the Memorial, Middletown, N. Y. The Rev. W. C. Prout of Middletown and the Rev. Charles D. White of

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Cavalry Church, Utica, officiated. A reception was held at the home of the bride's aunt, Miss Myra C. Burns of Middleville. No formal invitations or announcements were issued.

Miss McMillen, who was escorted by her father, wore a simple white satin gown made on princess lines. Her tulle veil was fastened to a coronet of rose-point lace. The rosepoint was worn by her maternal grandmother and by her mother at their weddings. She carried her mother's wedding prayer book. The matron of honor was Mrs. Robert J. Schneider of Troy, N. Y. sister of the bride; the maid of honor was Miss Jane Anne Jones, sister of the groom. The two bridesmaids were Miss Helen E. Weld of Aurora, N. Y. and Mrs. A. McKinley Greaves-Walker of Toledo, Ohio, classmates of the bride at Wells College.

The Rev. Howard M. Lowell of New Bedford, Mass. acted as best man. The ushers were Mr. John F. Brownlee of Gary, Indiana, Dr. Robert E. Brownlee of Cooperstown, N. Y., Mr. Coleman Burke of Summit, N. J., Mr. Frank L. LeRoy of New Hartford, N. Y. and Mr. William K. VanAllen of Rochester, N. Y.

After Sept. 17 Mr. and Mrs. Jones will be in Cambridge, Mass. where Mr. Jones will resume his studies in the Harvard Law School.

Miss Marian D. Wilson, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Bascom L. Wilson, MC, USA, was married to Lt. Blaine B. Campbell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Serge B. Campbell of Salt Lake City, Utah, at March Fld., Riverside, Calif., Wednesday evening, June 30, 1937. President Nicholas G. Smith of the Latter Day Saints Church, Los Angeles, read the service.

The bride wore a white lace gown made over taffeta with full skirt which formed a circular train. The short sleeved bodice was trimmed with pleated lace. Her long tulle veil was held in a tiara of lace and tulle, adorned with orange blossoms. She carried a sheaf of gardenias.

The bride's little sister, Mary Jane Wilson, was flower girl. The bride's cousin, Miss Elizabeth Wilson was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Estelle Pirie and Miss Ruth Button. Lt. James L. Travis served the bridegroom as best man and the ushers were Lt. Conrad J. Herlick and Lt. Cecil H. Childre. Following the ceremony a reception was held.

After a honeymoon on the coast, Lieutenant and Mrs. Campbell will return to make their home at March Fld., where the bridegroom is attached to the 17th Attack Group.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Laura Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Smith of Bellefontaine, O., to 2nd Lt. William Fairbourn, USMC. The wedding is set for July 17. Miss Smith has been staying in the home of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Robert G. Rutherford, jr., USA-Ret., at San Diego, Calif. News of the coming nuptials came at a garden party given by Capt. and Mrs. John F. Blanton, USMC.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bellwood Carland have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Matilda Carland, to 2nd Lt. Whiteford Carlisle Mauldin, SC, USA, son of Mrs. Whiteford Carlisle Mauldin of Lockesburg, Ark., and the late Mr. Mauldin.

Mr. Herman Aspegren, Royal Swedish Vice Consul at Norfolk, Va., and Mrs. Aspegren, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marta Aspegren, to Dr. Ralph Chandler Parker, jr., of Batavia, N. Y., and Boston. He is the son of Capt. Ralph C. Parker, USN, and Mrs. Parker, of California. The wedding will take place this summer.

Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Covode Davis, USN, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Covode, to James Thomas Joyce, jr., of Washington.

The wedding of Miss Phyllis Cogswell Jones, daughter of Mrs. Helen Darrow



MRS. JAMES B. LAMPERT

who before her marriage at West Point, N. Y., June 26, 1937, to 2nd Lt. James B. Lampert, Corps of Engineers, USA, son of Mrs. Lloyd R. Brigham and the late Col. James G. B. Lampert, Corps of Engineers, USA, was Miss Margery Frances Mitchell, daughter of Col. and Mrs. William A. Mitchell, of West Point, and sister of Lt. Joseph B. Mitchell, USA.

Jones of Honolulu, to 2nd Lt. Joseph Sylvester Piram, CAC, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Piram of Billings, Mont., took place on Wednesday afternoon, June 9, 1937, at half past four, at the Ft. Kamehameha, T. H., home of the bride's sister, Mrs. James Theodore Barber, wife of 1st Lt. Barber, CAC, USA. The bride wore a gown of mist gray organza, made on princess lines with coral ribbon forming a high waist line and falling to the edge of the skirt in front. She carried a bouquet of anthurium shading from pale pink to deep coral. Mrs. Barber was the bride's only attendant. Lt. John J. Stark, a classmate of Lieutenant Piram's, West Point, 1934, was the best man. A group of native singers sang and played Hawaiian music during the ceremony and at the small reception following. The house was decorated with white Easter lilies, gardenias and tuberoses. After a month's trip to Windward Oahu and Hawaii, Lieutenant and Mrs. Piram will be at home at Ft. Shafter, Honolulu.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. John J. Waterman, FA, USA, have announced the engagement of their daughter Carolyn to 1st Lt. Edward G. Shinkle, 18th FA, USA, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Edward M. Shinkle, USA. The wedding will take place at noon, July 31, in the Post Chapel, Ft. Sill, Okla.

A smart military note featured the nuptial ceremony at which Miss Jean Blacklock, daughter of Maj. David H. Blacklock, Cav., USA, and Mrs. Blacklock, became the bride of 1st Lt. Clifton Lee MacLachlan, CAC, USA, of Ft. Monroe, Va., at 8:30 o'clock June 30 at the post chapel at Ft. McPherson, Atlanta, Ga. The bridal pair left the chapel through an arch of sabers formed by the groomsmen, all brother officers of Lieutenant MacLachlan, and all wearing white mess jackets.

The marriage service was read by Col. Orville Fisher, the Post Chaplain, in a setting of floral beauty.

Acting as ushers and groomsmen were: Lt. Eugene Brown, Lt. Frank Johnston, Lt. King Henderson, Capt. Render Braswell, Lt. Thomas McDonald, of Ft. McPherson, Ga., and Lt. Charles Cloud of Ft. Monroe, Va. Lt. Peter Schmidt of Ft. Monroe, Va., served as best man for Lieutenant MacLachlan.

Miss Esther Crosby, Ocala, Fla., was the bride's maid of honor, and the bevy of lovely bridesmaids included Misses Bar-

bara Beam, Jane Clippinger, LaVerne Partain, and Martha Carmichael of Atlanta, and Helen Davidson, and Polly Ann Wedderburn of Washington, D. C.

The lovely bride was given in marriage by her father, Maj. David H. Blacklock. Lustrous white Slipper satin fashioned the bridal costume, the princess lines enhancing the slender beauty of the bride to marked degree. The back of the bodice and the long satin sleeves were fastened with tiny satin-covered buttons, and the neckline was cut square in front. The bridal veil of tulle was confined across the back of the head with a spray of valley lilies and extended to cover the circular train of satin. The bride carried a white prayer book, a gift from St. Helena's Circle of St. Luke's church, of which she is a valued member. Her only ornament was a necklace of exquisite pearls.

Following the chapel service, Major and Mrs. Blacklock were hosts at a wedding reception at the Officers' Club at the fort. Mrs. Llewellyn Oliver poured coffee, and assisting in entertaining were Mrs. Orville Fisher and Mrs. Wellington Nichols.

Lieutenant MacLachlan and his bride left for a honeymoon at Virginia Beach. Late in August they will go to Panama where Lieutenant MacLachlan will be stationed.

At a formal military ceremony on Sunday, June 6, at all Saints' Episcopal Church, Long Beach, Calif., Miss Mary Garfield O'Brien, daughter of Maj. John O'Brien, USA-Ret., and Mrs. O'Brien, became the bride of Ens. Raymond Englebert Doll, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Doll of Pawtucket, R. I. Rev. F. Augustus Martyr, Rector, officiated at the candlelight service which took place at eight o'clock in the evening. The bride was given in marriage by her father.

Ivory satin, princess style, with a long train, fashioned the wedding gown, which was trimmed with exquisite heirloom Duchess lace. Duchess lace formed the coronet cap which held in place the long tulle veil and the short veil which covered the bride's face as she entered the church. Her prayer book had been carried by her mother at her wedding and her Duchess lace handkerchief has been a family treasure for four generations. A spray of white orchids and valley lilies on the cover of her prayer (Please turn to Page 972)



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WASHINGTON, D. C.

July 8, 1937

Comdr. and Mrs. Archibald G. Stirling, USN-Ret., left Washington, July 2 for Rehoboth Beach, where they will pass several weeks. They were accompanied by Mrs. Stirling's mother, Mrs. Stewart S. Brown.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. William E. Brougher, Inf., USA, have returned to Charleston, West Va., after a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. Howard G. Nichols. They will return to Washington next month. Colonel Brougher will be on duty at the War Department.

Lt. Col. Calhoun Ancrum, USMC-Ret., and Mrs. Ancrum have arrived in Washington from Hendersonville, N. C., and are staying at the Martinique.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. A. T. Smith, USA, spent a few days in Washington last week en route to Ft. Lewis, Washington. General Smith has just completed two years in command of the Philippine Division. They returned to the States via Europe.

Lt. Col. George C. Hamner, USMC, and Mrs. Hamner are making their home at 50 Whittier street since he recently came to Washington as a member of the Marine Corps examining board at the Marine Barracks. Formerly, he had command of the Marine division of the naval ammunition depot at Hingham, Mass.

Miss Louise Cheves Popham, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. W. S. Popham, USN, recently arrived in Washington from California, where she spent the last year attending Scripps College in Claremont. Her father, Commander Popham, is connected with the office of Naval Intelligence.

WEST POINT, N. Y.

July 8, 1937

Lt. Col. Charles W. Ryder arrived from Washington on Wednesday to assume the duties of the Commandant of Cadets. Colonel Ryder relieves Lt. Col. Dennis E. McCunniff, who will go to the War College in Washington. Mrs. Ryder will join Lieutenant Colonel Ryder on July fifteenth.

A review of the Corps of Cadets was held in honor of Lieutenant Colonel Ryder on Wednesday afternoon. A reception was held after the review at the home of Lieutenant Colonel McCunniff in honor of the new Commandant, the officers of the Tactical Department and their wives.

Mrs. Dennis E. McCunniff accompanied by her children, has departed for Estes Park, Colorado, where Lieutenant Colonel McCunniff will join them before assuming his new duties at the War College in the early fall.

Miss George Ann Smith, of Washington, is the guest for a few days of Lt. Col. Jacob L. Devers and Mrs. Devers.

Capt. William H. Bartlett and Mrs. Bartlett have as their house guest Miss Alice Hale, of Passaic, N. J.

Capt. Eugene C. Johnston and Mrs. Johnston, who have been visiting Capt. Lawrence E. Schick and Mrs. Schick, left the post Wednesday for their new station at Ft. Bliss, Tex.

Capt. Alfred L. Gruenther, FA, and Mrs. Gruenther and Capt. F. A. Mitchell, FA, and Mrs. Mitchell, arrived yesterday from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. Captain Gruenther and Captain Mitchell will return to the Department of Chemistry and Electricity.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

July 6, 1937

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Graeme Bannerman have gone to Hollywood, Calif., to spend a month's leave as guests of Mr. Christy Cabanne, director of the RKO Motion Picture Company which recently filmed a "Movie" at the Naval Academy. Lt. Comdr. Bannerman acted as naval adviser for the motion picture of life at the Naval Academy.

Capt. John Curry, USMC, Mrs. Curry and their three daughters, have left for Quantico, Va., after spending a couple of weeks with Mrs. Curry's parents Dr. and Mrs. Edward Darlington Johnson, at St. Anne's Rectory.

Mrs. Furlong, wife of Comdr. Francis M. Furlong, has left for her home in Ogunquit, Maine, for the summer.

Commodore and Mrs. T. D. Griffin have closed their house on Hanover Street, and have gone to Blue Ridge Summit for the summer.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert W. Bedlion, who arrived here recently from Long Beach, Calif., are occupying a cottage at Round Bay.

Miss Mary Tyler Helner, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Robert G. Helner, of Norfolk, is visiting Miss Julia Norman.

Lt. and Mrs. E. P. Moore, who were guests at the Ritz Tower, in New York City, over the week-end have returned to their home here.

Mrs. Garrison, widow of Capt. Daniel M. Garrison, USN, gave a luncheon, followed by bridge, last Thursday at the Blue Lantern Inn.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Duncan Curry, Jr., have as their guests for sometime, Mrs. Curry's mother and sister, Mrs. Carlos de Yglesias, and Mrs. James Dunbar, of New York.

Col. Pedro del Valle, USMC, and Mrs. del Valle, who have recently returned from Italy, are visiting Mrs. del Valle's sister and brother-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Philip Welch.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

July 5, 1937

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John C. Heck, USN-Ret., and their daughters left Thursday on an extended trip which will take them into the Sequoia National Park for hiking and camping.

Mrs. Ettie Lockman Solter, widow of the late Lt. A. F. Solter, AC, USA, has returned here with her three children to make her home in Coronado.

Mrs. Clifford T. Janz, wife of Lt. Janz, USN, has arrived by motor from the east coast to spend the summer here with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Gagnon.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Walter N. Vernou, USN, left Thursday by motor for Washington, D. C., for a visit of several weeks on the east coast before proceeding to Panama, where Admiral Vernou will assume command of the Fifteenth Naval District.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Easterbrook entertained Thursday, in honor of their son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. Bafford E. Lewellen, USN, and officers of submarine division 9 and their wives.

Maj. and Mrs. Roy D. Lowell, USMC, have arrived here from Parris Island, S. C., accompanied by their two sons, and are house guests of Capt. and Mrs. John F. Blanton, USMC. Major Lowell will go on retired status and the family plan to take up residence here.

Capt. and Mrs. Paul Blackburn, USN, were hosts at the tea hour on Wednesday, honoring their house guests, Mrs. Edward Nourse and son, Tyler Nourse, of Washington, D. C.

FT. HOWARD, MD.

July 6, 1937

Preceding the departure from the post of Maj. and Mrs. Max Clay, many courtesies were extended to them. Colonel and Mrs. Manley had a party on their yacht. The guests besides the Clays were Lt. Col. and Mrs. G. W. Price, Maj. and Mrs. E. N. Frakes, Maj. and Mrs. John Ferguson and Capt. and Mrs. John Rodgers. Maj. and Mrs. Frakes had a picnic supper on the beach for about twenty guests and Lt. Colonel and Mrs. Price had a cocktail party. The only hitch occurred on the date of sailing. Owing to a strike, there was no waving "goodbye" from the dock as both guests and passengers had to depart at sailing time. However, Major and Mrs. Clay and their daughter "Buzzy" who are taking a short vacation in Europe prior to going to Leavenworth, finally got away on another liner sailing from New York.

At the Sunday supper dance the honor guests were Maj. and Mrs. Joseph Church, who are soon to leave for their new station at Iowa City, Iowa, and the Reserve officers (Thomson Act) who have just completed their year's training here. Two of these men have been given appointments in the regular army, Joe Sisson and Arthur Harris.

On June 30, Colonel and Mrs. Manley invited several people to take dinner on their yacht as a farewell courtesy to Maj. and Mrs. Church but a torrential downpour of rain precluded any possibility of a much-looked-forward-to "boat ride." The party was given instead at Colonel Manley's quarters. Among the guests were Capt. and Mrs. John Caldwell who were paying a farewell visit to the post prior to sailing to Panama on July 8th.

QUANTICO, VA.

July 8, 1937

Comdr. and Mrs. Clifford Richardson, USN, and their daughter, Miss Betty Richardson, are at Virginia Beach.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Walton C. Carroll (DC), USN, and their daughters, the Misses Rita, Doris and Jean Carroll, and their son, Mr. Walton Carroll, are recent arrivals on this post and they are now at home at Quarters R-3.

1st Lt. and Mrs. Charles H. Hayes, USMC, left Quantico, June 30 for a vacation of two weeks, which they will spend at Virginia Beach.

Capt. and Mrs. Rucker S. Batterton, USMC, are taking a month's motor trip through the New England States.

Mrs. Samuel R. Shaw left the post July 1 to join her husband, 2nd Lieutenant Shaw, USMC, in Wakefield, Mass., where he has been on temporary detached duty. In August Lieutenant and Mrs. Shaw will go to Camp Perry, Ohio, and before returning to Quantico will visit their families in Dayton, Ohio, and Indianapolis, Ind.

Capt. and Mrs. Presley M. Rixey, USMC, and their two children are new arrivals on this post, and they are at home at Quarters L-6.

Mrs. Harry Fortune of Pleasantville, N. Y., is here for a short visit with her husband, Captain Fortune of the Marine Corps Reserves.

1st Lt. and Mrs. James F. Climie, USMC, who have recently been stationed at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., have come to this post for duty.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 969)

Capt. J. W. Burke, Vet.-Res., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Capt. J. B. Gillespie, QM-Res., from Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., to CCC duty QM Depot, Philadelphia, Pa., revert inactive duty, Jan. 9, 1938.

2nd Lt. W. C. Capp, Air-Res., from Hawaiian Dept., to Hamilton Fld., Calif., revert to inactive duty June 15, 1939.

Following Majors, San-Res., to Medical Field Service School, Carlisle Bks., Pa.: M. J. Blew, J. K. Reinhoel.

Following officers, Den-Res., to Medical Field Service School, Carlisle Bks., Pa.: Maj. K. H. Metz, Capt. W. Scheer.

1st Lt. Underwood, Air-Res., previous orders revoked.

Capt. A. S. Lee, San-Res., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

2nd Lt. V. M. Byrne, Air-Res., to three-year tour active duty at Rockwell Air Depot, Coronado, Calif., July 15.

Capt. K. G. Merriam, CA-Res., to Ft. Monroe, Va.

2nd Lts., Air-Res., to Barksdale Fld., La.: J. T. Cox, J. E. Roberts.

Capt. A. G. Kargar, Chem.-Res., to Washington, D. C.

2nd Lt. G. O. Bond, Air-Res., to three-year tour active duty at Langley Fld., Va., July 19. Following promoted to grade after name:

2nd Lt. O. P. Gillock, FA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. F. E. Graef, Jr., Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. A. F. Jackson, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. H. S. Kramer, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. L. R. Macadam, Ord.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. C. H. Mason, Engr.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. C. J. Owen, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. H. J. Ruoff, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. W. R. Stovall, Med.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. T. G. Giorlando, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. J. C. Harvell, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. L. W. Hillman, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. S. J. Hutcherson, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. F. J. Killingbeck, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. K. H. Peterson, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. A. C. Windell, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. H. N. Cooper, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. B. S. Kantor, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. R. P. Karr, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. L. L. Bittenbender, Cav.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. J. S. Dryden, Med.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. J. S. Dunn, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. F. Hallinan, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. L. I. Neher, FA-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. C. T. Snellings, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from Page 965)

1st Lt. Ronald D. Salmon, July 15, det. ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, to Marine Scouting Squadron Three, FMF, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, V. I., via commercial steamer from New York July 19. Auth. delay enroute to New York until July 18.

2nd Lt. Charles F. Duchain, when directed by Comdr., Special Service Sq., det. MD, Charleston to MD, Omaha, July 14.

2nd Lt. Robert B. Moore, det. MB, Norfolk, N.Y., to MB, NOB, Norfolk.

2nd Lt. Gregory J. Weissenberger, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Virgil E. Harris, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Alfred T. Greene, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Herbert H. Townsend on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Clair W. Shisler, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

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2nd Lt. Clair W. Shisler, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Brooke H. Hatch, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Charles R. Boyer, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 7.

2nd Lt. Freeman W. Williams, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to duty with ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. Fred R. Emerson, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to duty with ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. Howard F. Bowker, Jr., on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to duty with ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. Gregory Boyington, on acceptance of appointment as 2nd Lt., ordered to duty with ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

Ch. QM Clk. Frederick I. VanAnden, det. MB, NYd., Phila., ordered to home and placed on retired list.

Ch. QM Clk. Edward C. Smith, det. Hdqrs., USMC, Wash., ordered to home and placed on retired list.

Mar. Gnr. Charles M. Adams, relieved from duty with 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, assigned to Marine Corps Schools Detachment, MB, Quantico.

Mar. Gnr. Millard T. Shepard, appointed a Marine Gunner and assigned to duty with ACI, 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico.

QM Clk. Joseph E. Thrallkill, appointed a Quartermaster Clerk and assigned to duty with Basic School, MB, NYd., Phila., to report not later than July 15.

The following officers were promoted to the grades indicated, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, on June 24, 1937, with rank from dates shown opposite their names: Maj. John K. Martenstein, Feb. 1, 1937; Maj. Albert W. Paul, Apr. 1, 1937; Maj. Arthur D. Chalacombe, Apr. 22, 1937; Maj. William F. Brown, June 1, 1937; Capt. Wilfred J. Huffman, Nov. 1, 1937; Capt. Carson A. Roberts, Feb. 1, 1937; Capt. John S. Holmberg, June 1, 1937; 1st Lt. Clyde R. Nelson, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Joseph L. Dickey, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Elmore W. Seeds, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. John P. Condon, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. John A. Butler, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Ralph K. Rottet, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Victor H. Krulak, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. George C. Ruffin, Jr., (Continued on next page)



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Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Harold O. Deakin, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Maurice T. Ireland, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Samuel R. Shaw, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Robert S. Fairweather, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Joseph P. Fuchs, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Henry W. Buse, Jr., May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Bennet G. Powers, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Robert E. Hommel, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Frank C. Tharin, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Henry W. G. Vadnais, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. John W. Sapp, Jr., May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Samuel F. Zeller, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Lawrence B. Clark, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Lehman H. Kleppinger, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. Floyd B. Parks, May 31, 1937; 1st Lt. John E. Weber, May 31, 1937.

The following officers were promoted to the grades indicated, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, on June 29, 1937, with rank from dates shown opposite their names: Capt. Francis J. Cunningham, July 1, 1936; Capt. Bernard H. Kirk, July 1, 1936; Capt. Richard P. Ross, Jr., July 1, 1936; Capt. James V. Bradley, Jr., Sept. 1, 1936; Capt. Zebulon C. Hopkins, Nov. 1, 1936; Capt. Robert H. Williams, Jan. 1, 1937; Capt. Randall M. Victory, Jan. 3, 1937; Capt. James R. Hester, Mar. 1, 1937; 1st Lt. Charles A. Miller, Mar. 2, 1937.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 965)

Lt. Comdr. Russell H. Sullivan, (SC), det. Langley, Sept.; to Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.
Lt. Comdr. George H. Williams, (SC), det. Melville, Sept.; to Receiving Sta., NYd., Wash.
Lt. Comdr. Gerald W. Thomson, (CC), det. NYd., Pearl Harbor, Sept.; to Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., Quincy.
Lt. Comdr. Henry R. Lacey, (CEC), det. Norfolk NYd., August 2; to NYd., Pearl Harbor.

Ch. Gunner Clarence W. White, det. Chester, Sept.; to Nav. Ammun. Depot, Mare Island.
Ch. Mach. Edward J. Tyrell, det. Algoma, Aug. 30; to Asst. Insp. of Nav. Matl., Hartford District.

Mach. James H. Cavanaugh, det. Pelican, Aug. 10; to Hdqtrs., 5th Nav. Dist., Norfolk.
Ch. Carp. George A. Slizer, det. Norfolk NYd., Sept. 15; to Trenton.

July 7, 1937

Comdr. Robert B. Carney, det. C. O., Reid, July; to command Sirius.

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Lt. Comdr. Richard H. Cruzen, det. command Simpson, July 15; to California as navigating off.

Lt. Francis C. B. McCune, det. Humphreys to Hopkins as exec. off.

Lt. Castle J. Voris, det. Vega, Sept. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. (Jg) Eb S. Cooke, ora. by C. in C., Asiatic modified. To Herbert; instead 3rd Nav. Dist., New York.

Ens. Spencer M. Adams, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VF 6 (Enterprise).

Ens. Robert B. Crowell, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VS 41 (Ranger).

Ens. Cecil K. Harper, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VB 2 (Lexington).

Ens. Frederick W. Sheppard, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VS 2 (Lexington).

Ens. William E. Sweeney, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VO 1 (Arizona).

Ens. Frank K. Upham, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, to VF 4 (Ranger).

Lt. Comdr. William D. Davis, (MC), det. 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco; to Nav. Dispensary, Navy Dept., Wash.

Lt. Comdr. John M. McCants, (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, N. H., July; to Nav. Hosp., Chelsea.

Comdr. Lawrence A. Odlin, (SC), det. Base Force, Sept. 1; to NYd., Pearl Harbor.

Ch. Bosn. Walter J. Daly, det. Milwaukee Sept. 15; to Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk.

Ch. Bosn. Edgar J. Hayden, det. Sandpiper Aug. 10; to NYd., Mare Island.

Mach. Thomas H. Birchmire, to duty Winslow.

Ch. Rad. Elec. Allan J. Gahagen, det. Maryland, Sept. 15; to duty as Off. in Chge., Nav. Radio Sta., Arlington, Va.

Ch. Carp. Louis T. Herrmann, det. NYd., Mare Island, Sept. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Coast Guard Orders

Aviation Ch. Mach. Mate William D. Pinkston, Office of Inspector, Hall Aluminum Aircraft Company, Bristol, Pennsylvania, tendered acting appointment as Machinist by Department letter of June 23, 1937; executed oath June 29, 1937.

Bosn. G. W. Parker, relieved from all duty and placed on the retired list, effective July 1, 1937.

Bosn. G. S. Zimmerman, relieved from all duty and placed on the retired list, effective July 1, 1937.

Mach. W. L. Moyer, relieved from all duty and placed on the retired list, effective July 1, 1937.

Ch. Mach. W. F. Kilroy, detached office of Northern Inspector, effective upon relief by Chief Mach. G. F. Kolb, and assigned Tahoma as engineer officer.

Ch. Mach. M. J. Knudsen, detached office of Eastern Inspector, effective Oct. 1, 1937, and assigned Pequot as engineer officer.

Ch. Mach. G. F. Kolb, detached Cayuga, effective Oct. 1, 1937, and assigned office of Northern Inspector.

Ch. Mach. Louis Spaniel, detached Pequot, effective upon relief by Ch. Mach. M. J. Knudsen, and assigned office of Eastern Inspector.

Ch. Mach. John Van Heuveln, detached New York Division, effective about Sept. 27, 1937, and assigned Pontchartrain.

Ch. Mach. I. D. Weston, detached Pontchartrain, effective upon relief by Ch. Mach. John Van Heuveln, and assigned Cayuga.

Mach. M. B. Cole, detached Diligence, effective upon relief by Mach. Gabriel Dobo, and assigned Base Four.

Mach. Gabriel Dobo, detached Modoc, effective Oct. 1, 1937, and assigned Diligence as engineer officer.

Mach. J. R. Fredette, detached Thetis, effective upon relief by Mach. J. B. Macy, and assigned Depot.

Mach. J. B. Macy, detached Base Four, effective Oct. 1, 1937, and assigned Thetis as engineer officer.

Mach. Walter Pfeiffer, detached Tahoma, effective upon relief by Ch. Mach. W. F. Kilroy, and assigned Modoc.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 970)

book were the bride's flowers, and her only ornament was a pearl encircled cameo, which had been her father's gift to her mother at their wedding.

The maid of honor was Miss Dolores Birkholm. The bridesmaids were the Misses Elizabeth Edwards of Beverly Hills, Ann Williams of Los Angeles, and Elizabeth Eckard and Frances Hills, of Long Beach. The best man was Ens. W. J. Germershausen, and the ushers, who formed the traditional arch of sabers, were Ensigns W. S. Guest, W. B. Porter, J. N. McDonald, W. W. Thing, W. B. Parham and J. A. Crook; all shipmates of the bridegroom.

A reception following the ceremony was held at the home of the bride's parents on Livingston Drive. Major and

Mrs. O'Brien were assisted in receiving by the bridal couple and the feminine members of the wedding party. The punch bowls were presided over by Mrs. Henry F. Schroeder and Miss Barbara Birkholm.

Ensign Doll and his bride plan to motor across the continent, visiting points of interest, and stopping at the home of his parents in Rhode Island, before reporting, June 30 for the officer's new duty at the Navy Air School, Pensacola, Fla.

Miss Alice Frink, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James Luke Frink, QMC, USA, was married at the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, Washington, D. C., June 21, 1937, to 2nd Lt. Charles Bainbridge Westover, FA, USA, son of Maj. Gen. Oscar Westover, Chief of Air Corps, and Mrs. Westover. The Rev. Henry Justice Miller officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore an ivory satin wedding gown cut on simple lines, with a sweeping train, a lace yoke and long, tight sleeves. Her veil fell from a small lace cap that had been worn by her mother and sister, and she carried a shower bouquet of gardenias.

Mrs. James Darrah, sister of the bride, was matron of honor. The attendants were Miss Polly Frink and Miss Barbara Frink sisters of the bride; Mrs. W. C. Freudenthal, sister of the bridegroom, Miss Elizabeth Jones, Miss Anne Claude, Miss Lou Menefee and Miss Melille Hatch. The two flower girls were Alice Torrey Griffith and Alice McNeil.

Ens. Roger Woodhull, was best man. Ushers were Lt. LeRoy Lutes, Lt. Albert Rutherford, Lt. David Nye, Lt. Randy Hines, Lt. Robert Gilbert, Lt. A. D. Searles, Lt. Allen Clark and Lt. William Stratton.

A reception at the home of the bride's parents followed the ceremony.

When the young couple left on their wedding trip the bride was attired in an ensemble of beige crepe with red accessories. Her bouquet was a cluster of gardenias.

After two weeks, Lieutenant and Mrs. Westover will return to Washington to spend the remainder of the summer. In the fall they will be stationed at Randolph Field, Tex.

Miss Dorothy Helen Hutchin, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. C. E. Hutchin, Inf., USA, was married to 2nd Lt. Lester L. Wheeler, Inf., USA, at the Memorial Chapel, at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., Saturday, June 19, 1937. The marriage was performed by Lt. Col. Wallace H. Watts, USA.

The rustic interior of the chapel was specially decorated for the occasion, the sanctuary being a profusion of white peonies and lilies.

The bride wore her grandmother's old ivory satin wedding gown. Her maid of honor was Miss Katherine Steel of Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., who wore rainbow shaded blue. The matron of honor, Mrs. C. H. Morhouse, of Mitchell Field, N. Y., wore shaded green. The bridesmaids, Miss Isabel Crystal and Miss Alma Lukert of Plattsburg Barracks, Miss Corine Wheeler, a sister of the groom, of Baltimore, Md., wore rainbow shaded yellow, all in the style of the bride's wedding gown. Each carried large tulle muffs of the period of the bride's gown.

The best man was Cadet C. E. Hutchin of the U. S. Military Academy, a brother of the bride. Ushers were Capt. C. H. Morhouse, and Lieutenants George F. Will, Thomas A. O'Neil, W. J. Mullen, Jr., J. D. Stanton and E. P. Ramee.

Following the ceremony the traditional arch of sabers was formed and the entire wedding party passed under it. Following the ceremony the wedding reception was held at the Officers' Club. Lieutenant and Mrs. Wheeler are spending their wedding trip in Canada.

Miss Allyn Capron, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Webster A. Capron, OD, USA, of Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., was married to 2nd Lt. Edward S. Allee, AC, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Allee of Lake of the Forest, Kan., at the home of her parents on Friday, June 18, 1937. The ceremony

was performed by Chaplain Gubbins of the Arsenal.

A reception was held immediately after the ceremony.

The bride is a graduate of Sweet Briar College, Va. Lieutenant Allee is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, Mass.

Service Legislative Summary

BILLS INTRODUCED

Army

Sheppard, S. 2751. To authorize the transfer to the Treasury Department of jurisdiction of part of the West Point Military Reservation, N. Y., for the construction thereon of certain public buildings.

ACTION ON BILLS

General

H. R. 7531. To afford protection of pension benefits to peacetime veterans placed on the pension rolls after March 10, 1933. Reported to House by Pensions Committee, July 6.

H. R. 5787. Granting pensions and increases of pensions to certain soldiers who served in the Indian wars from 1817 to 1898. Reported to House by Pensions Committee, July 6.

Army

H. R. 7726. Making appropriations for the first half of the month of July, 1937, for certain operations of the Federal Government which remain unprovided for on July 1, 1937, through the failure of enactment of the supply bills. Passed by the Senate July 1. Sent to the President.

H. R. 7493. Making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1938, for civil functions administered by the War Department. Reported to Senate with amendments by Appropriations Committee, July 1. Passed by Senate July 1.

H. R. 3957. For the relief of the estate of Col. C. J. Bartlett, USA. Passed by House, with amendments July 6.

Navy

S. 1474. To provide for the advancement on the retired list of the Navy of Lt. (Jg) Clyde J. Nesser, USN-Ret. Passed by House July 6. Sent to President.

Coast Guard

H. R. 6048. To provide for the establishment of a Coast Guard station near Ft. Myers, Fla. Reported to House by Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, July 6.

H. R. 6076. To provide for the establishment of a Coast Guard station near Dauphin Island, Ala. Reported to House by Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, July 6.

H. R. 7611. To adjust the pay of certain Coast Guard officers on the retired list who were retired because of physical disability originating in line of duty in time of war. Reported to House by Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, July 6.

Foreigners in Army

The following provision of the Army Appropriation Bill, F. Y. 1938, approved July 1, 1937, which appears under the heading "Finance Department, Pay And So Forth, Of The Army," is being cited by the War Department for the information and guidance of all concerned:

Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the pay of any person, civil or military, not a citizen of the United States, unless in the employ of the Government or in a pay status under appropriations carried in this Act on July 1, 1937, nor for the pay of any such person beyond the period of enlistment or termination of employment, but nothing herein shall be construed as applying to instructors of foreign languages at the Military Academy, or to Filipinos in the Army Transport Service, or to persons employed outside of the continental limits of the United States except enlisted men of the Regular Army, other than Philippine Scouts, upon expiration of enlistment.

The substance of the foregoing was sent by radio to all Corps Area Commanders on July 2, 1937, with instructions to advise Commanding Officers of Exempted Stations in their respective Corps Areas. Department Commanders were notified of the provisions respecting enlistments and reenlistments.

Honor General Harbord

A memorial boulder and plaque in honor of Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, USA-Ret., were dedicated July 6 at the General's farm home six miles southeast of Bloomington, Ill. General Harbord journeyed from New York to attend the ceremonies. Also attending was Brig. Gen. Charles Gates Dawes.

Officers of the Navy and Marine Corps. Swell the volume of returns on the Army and Navy Journal's survey of service opinion on promotion. Mail your ballot now!

The Earhart Search

The dash of the aircraft carrier Lexington and three destroyers, the Cushing, the Drayton, and the Lamson, from San Pedro to Howland Island, apparent termination point of Amelia Earhart's trans-Pacific hop, brings the total of Navy vessels in that area up to eight, the other ships on the scene being the minesweepers Tanager and Swan, the Coast Guard Cutter Itasca, which has been placed under command of the Navy Department for the duration of the search, and the battleship Colorado. The total of Navy personnel engaged in the search has been placed at 3,800.

Rear Adm. Orin G. Murfin, Commandant of the 14th naval district, commands the rescue fleet.

The Lexington, which drove through the Pacific swells at 33 knots, which has been leading her destroyer escorts a merry chase, the comparatively diminutive destroyers taking a bad beating in a sustained drive at that speed. Navy officials, while stoutly defending the ability of the smaller boats to "take it," are nevertheless worried, pointing out that the 1,500 ton vessels are subject to "pounding" at high speed in a heavy swell.

The tanker Ramapo met the Lexington off Lahaina Roads, and refueled the brood ship for her 1,500 mile spurt to Howland. The battleship Colorado contacted the Itasca on Wednesday, June 7, and refueled the gallant little ship which has been at sea for nearly a month.

One of the major implications of the Navy's search is the fact that the emergency will throw the Pacific coast aviation schedule nearly three months behind. Many of the fliers aboard the Lexington were scheduled for gunnery practice, and the decision to send the carrier abruptly terminated existing plans.

The Lexington is the first aircraft carrier of the United States to attempt a trip of this sort on such short notice and without the aid of the Fleet.

The Colorado's three planes, with a cruising radius of 250 miles each, have been combing the vicinity of the Phoenix area, and are the first aerial searchers on the scene.

Various estimates of the cost to the government of the rescue expedition have been made, but no official figure has been released by the Navy Department. The release of such a figure would make comparatively easy the determination by foreign powers of the cruising radius and oil consumption of the vessels concerned, and such information is held in strict confidence.

Navy officials in Washington are not so much concerned with the monetary expenditures necessitated, as they are with the possibility that the lives of personnel might be lost.

It was also pointed out that the activity will make even harder the shaving of Naval expenditures by 10 per cent as requested by the President.

Selected Under Thomason Act

Selected for a year's active duty with Regular Army regiments of the Second Corps Area, forty-six recent New York and New Jersey college graduates who completed R. O. T. C. courses and have been commissioned second lieutenants in the Army Reserve are to report today, July 10, at ten Army posts, under the Thomason Act, placed in effect last fiscal year, when 1,000 Army Reserve second lieutenants were given similar training and continued this fiscal year with provision voted for 650 Reservists.

As listed in Second Corps Area orders, the forty-six Reserve second lieutenants, with their duty assignments, are:

To the 16th Infantry, Ft. Jay, N. Y.: Charles P. Stone, Bellaire, L. I.; Fred S. Carter, New York City; Kenneth P. Lord, Jr., (son of Lt. Col. Kenneth P. Lord, GSC, USA, 1st Division Headquarters) Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; Alder M. Meckler, Elizabeth, N. J.; Robert E. Conline, Cortland, N. Y.; Leroy Loubriel, New York City; Louis Margolies, Bronx, New York City; Edward J. McCormack, Perth Amboy, N. J.; Herbert Stechel-macher, New York City; and William G. Rockwell, Jackson Heights, L. I.

To the 18th Infantry, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.:

Andrew J. Choos, New York City; Arthur A. Gottlieb, Brooklyn; Walter R. Malersperger, Brooklyn, and George W. Greer, Jr., Mohawk, N. Y.

To the 18th Infantry, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.: George N. Manukas, Trenton, N. J., and Harry A. Laptok, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

To the 28th Infantry, Ft. Ontario, N. Y.: Edwin O. Waters, Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

To the 28th Infantry, Ft. Niagara, N. Y.: Herbert J. Tillapaugh, Binghamton, N. Y., and George R. Hahn, Skaneateles, N. Y.

To the 26th Infantry, Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.: Herbert T. Schwartz, Syracuse, N. Y.; Nicholas N. Metropolsky, Syracuse, N. Y.; Walter R. Koelliker, Unadella, N. Y.; Harry A. Sachaklian, Syracuse, N. Y.; Stanley A. Evans, Syracuse, N. Y.; Robert E. Sullivan, Syracuse, N. Y., and Carl Shapiro, Syracuse, N. Y.

To the 5th Field Artillery, Madison Barracks, N. Y.: Harry N. Shen, Mullica Hill, N. J.; Thomas J. Murphy, Jamaica, L. I.; Richard A. Rogers, St. George, S. I., N. Y.; Edward R. E. Wagner, Hope, N. J., and James L. Prens, New York City.

To the 25th Field Artillery, Madison Barracks, N. Y.: Theodore E. Crocker, New York City; William R. Robbins, New York City; John F. Keiffer, Nunda, N. Y.; Melville C. Wood, Brooklyn, and Gilbert E. McMillan, Arlington, N. J.

To the 62nd Coast Artillery, Ft. Totten, Queens, L. I.: Thomas F. Paglia, Corona, L. I.; Jerome S. Byrne, Mamaroneck, N. Y.; John A. Ronayne, New York City, and Gus Chiarello, Brooklyn.

To the Coast Artillery, Ft. Hancock, N. J.: Orrville L. Leddy, Bergenfield, N. J., and Thomas C. Rohan, New York City.

To the 1st Engineers, Ft. DuPont, Del.: Herbert L. Haberstroh, New York City; Edward W. Briggs, Wood-Ridge, N. J.; Martin Mardirosian, Bronx, New York City, and Samuel S. Oleesky, Newark, N. J.

Purchase Pursuit Airplanes

Secretary of War Woodring announced this week the award of a contract for 210 monoplane pursuit airplanes as well as an adequate complement of spares, at a total cost of \$4,113,550.

The airplane is a low-wing all metal cabin monoplane powered by one two-row, radial, air-cooled engine, which develops 1100 horsepower for take-off. It has retractable landing gear and tail wheel, which adds materially to its high speed. Landing flaps reduce landing speed and space in which this airplane can be landed and length of roll upon landing. It is also equipped with constant speed controllable pitch propeller which allows quicker take-off and more efficient operation in flight. The award of this contract, the largest for single place pursuit for several years, was made after exhaustive test of the airplane in competition with airplanes of other manufacturers at the Air Corps Materiel Division, Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. The delivery of these airplanes to the Pursuit Units of the GHQ Air Force will fill a long felt need for modern pursuit airplanes in those units.

OBITUARIES

Chaplain John F. Chenoweth, USA-Ret., died at San Rafael, Calif., June 5, 1937.

Chaplain Chenoweth was born in Indiana in 1869. He was commissioned as chaplain in the Army in 1907 and was retired for physical disability in 1927 with rank of lieutenant colonel.

The funeral of Chaplain Chenoweth was conducted by Chaplain William L. Fisher, assisted by Chaplain Webb, at the Presidio Chapel, San Francisco, Calif., on June 7. Interment was in the National Cemetery, San Francisco, on the same date. The following six chaplains acted as honorary pall-bearers: Chaplain Rixie, Chaplain McKenzie, Chaplain Coholan, Chaplain McBride, Chaplain McKenna, and Chaplain Hagan.

Lt. Col. Jacob Schick, former retired officer of the Army, died at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, July 3.

Col. Schick entered the Army in 1898, and rose from private to second lieutenant in three years. He rendered valuable services to the Army in the Philippines, supervising construction work on cantonments and hospitals. In 1910 he was retired for physical disability but recalled to active duty in 1916. He was ordered to France at the outbreak of the War, and

almost immediately was ordered to take charge of the transportation of troops through England. He also served as a provost-marshal in England, and was put in charge of the Division of Intelligence and Criminal Investigation before his promotion to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel and his subsequent transfer to France.

While in England he made great improvements on the existing method of

producing gas masks, speeding production up and improving the design.

After the War he reverted to inactive duty, and went into the manufacturing business, eventually marketing his Schick Electric Dry Shaver. In 1935 he became a Canadian citizen, relinquishing his retired status in the U. S. Army, and made his home in Montreal until his death. He was buried in Montreal on Wednesday, July 7.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

BEACH—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Sill, Okla., June 9, 1937, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Dwight Edward Beach, FA, USA, a son, Dwight Edward Beach, Jr.

DANY—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, San Antonio, Tex., July 1, 1937, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. George B. Dany, AC, USA, a daughter, Diane, granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. P. J. Hennessey, USA-Ret., and Maj. and Mrs. George Dany, USA-Ret.

LERMOND—Born at Tientsin, China, June 24, 1937, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. George W. Lermont, Inf., USA, a son, William Henry Lermont, grandson of Maj. and Mrs. William H. Lloyd, USA-Ret.

LOWREY—Born at Riverside Hospital, Jacksonville, Fla., July 2, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. Searcy J. Lowrey, USCG, a daughter, Claire Virginia. Lieutenant Lowrey is attached to the staff of the commander of the Jacksonville Division United States Coast Guard.

MARKS—Born at the Family Hospital, Quantico, Va., June 23, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. Thomas D. Marks, USMC, a daughter, Linda Esther.

SAWTELLE—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Riley, Kan., July 8, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. Donald W. Sawtelle, Cav., USA, a son, Donald W. Sawtelle, Jr.

SCHULL—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 8, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. Herman W. Schull, Jr., CE, USA, a son, Edwin Gunner Schull, grandson of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. H. W. Schull, USA, and Col. and Mrs. Edwin Gunner, Inf., USA.

WOOD—Born at the Coronado Hospital, Coronado, Calif., June 13, 1937, to Comdr. and Mrs. Gerard H. Wood, USN, a daughter, Alice Isabel. Mrs. Wood is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Charles B. Cooper, of Honolulu, who are well known to Service people.

Married

CAMPBELL-WILSON—Married at March Field, Riverside, Calif., June 30, 1937, Miss Marian Wilson, daughter of Lt. Col. Bascom L. Wilson, MC, USA, to Lt. Blaine Campbell.

GILLMOR-LAMB—Married at Attleboro, Mass., July 6, 1937, Miss Elizabeth Helen Lamb, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Gillmor, to Mr. Daniel Shipman Gillmor, son of Rear Adm. Horatio G. Gillmor, (CC), USN-Ret.

FARRELL-TRAPNELL—Married at New York, N. Y., July 8, 1937, Mrs. Mary Belcher Trapnell, of San Diego, Calif., to Maj. Walter G. Farrell, USMC.

HARTSEL-FIELD—Married at Middleburg, Va., July 3, 1937, Miss Dorothy Fellows Field, daughter of Mrs. Henry Leeds Field, to Capt. Clyde Harold Hartsel, USMC.

JONES-McMILLEN—Married at Middleville, N. Y., July 3, 1937, Miss Jean McMullen, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Fred E. McMullen, (SC), USN, to Mr. Hugh R. Jones.

LANGLOIS-TOOHILL—Married at San Diego, Calif., July 3, 1937, Miss Beatrice Alice Toohill, daughter of Mrs. Edward David Toohill and the late Mr. Edward D. Toohill, to Ensign Clement Edward Langlois, USN.

LAWSON-LOUGHAN—Married at Scarsdale, N. Y., June 14, 1937, Miss Janet Loughran to 2nd Lt. Walter Ralls Lawson, Inf., USA, son of Mrs. Walter Ralls Lawson and the late Captain Lawson.

MacLACHLAN-BLAKELOCK—Married at Ft. McPherson, Atlanta, Ga., June 30, 1937, Miss Jean Blacklock, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. David H. Blacklock, Cav., USA, to 1st Lt. Clifton Lee MacLachlan, CAC, USA.

PICKARD-GERMAN—Married at Waterbury, Conn., July 3, 1937, Miss Henriette German to 2nd Lt. Oliver J. Pickard, CE, USA.

PIRAM-JONES—Married at Ft. Kamehameha, T. H., June 9, 1937, Miss Phyllis Cogswell Jones, sister of Mrs. James Theodore Barber, wife of 1st Lt. Barber, CAC, USA, to 2nd Lt. Joseph Sylvester Piram, CAC, USA.

SLACK-HOPKINS—Married at Annapolis, Md., July 3, 1937, Miss Catherine Hopkins to Ensign Leslie Martin Slack, USN.

SPENCER-JOHNSON—Married at Los Angeles, Calif., July 4, 1937, Mrs. Norma Reese Johnson to Comdr. Earl Winfield Spencer, USN.

TACKNEY-TALBOTT—Married at Annapolis, Md., June 28, 1937, Miss Priscilla Talbott to Lt. (jg) Stephen Noel Tackney, USN.

WATSON-POFF—Married at Ft. Benning, Ga., July 3, 1937, Miss Mildred L. Poff to Capt. Numa A. Watson, Inf., USA.

Died

CAMPBELL—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 1, 1937, Patricia B. Campbell, 13 years old, daughter of W. O. and Mrs. Richard Campbell, AMPS, USA.

CHENOWETH—Died at San Rafael, Calif., June 5, 1937, Ch. (Lt. Col.) John F. Chenoweth, USA-Ret.

DASHIELL—Died at Annapolis, Md., July 6, 1937, Capt. Paul J. Dashiell, USN-Ret.

DRURY—Died at the Chelsea Naval Hospital, Mass., June 29, 1937, Capt. Hiram E. Drury, USN-Ret., aged 86 years, father of Mrs. James Harvey Tomb, wife of Capt. J. H. Tomb, USN-Ret.

FLYNN—Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., July 4, 1937, Col. Thomas J. Flynn, MC, USA.

GRUMLEY—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., June 29, 1937, Maj. Edward I. Grumley, USA-Ret.

HOLLIDAY—Died at George Washington Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 1, 1937, Lt. Comdr. Seymour E. Holliday, USNR, who served in the Navy until resigning in 1923.

LIPSCOMB—Died at Easton, Md., July 5, 1937, Mr. C. E. Lipscomb, father of Mrs. Thomas Dresser White, wife of Capt. Thomas Dresser White, AC, USA.

McMANN—Killed in plane crash high over Corry Field, Fla., July 7, 1937, Cadet J. A. McMann, USNR.

MERESHON—Killed in plane crash high over Corry Field, Fla., July 7, 1937, Cadet W. F. Mereshon, USMC.

MURPHY—Died at Hot Springs, Ark., July 2, 1937, Sgt. Edgar L. Murphy, USA.

NEWCOMB—Died at the Washington Sanitarium, Washington, D. C., July 4, 1937, Mrs. Caroline Richards Newcomb, widow of the late Col. Warren Putnam Newcomb, USA, mother of Mrs. George A. Wildrick, wife of Col. George A. Wildrick, CAC, USA, and mother of Mrs. Donald Armstrong, wife of Lt. Col. Donald Armstrong, OD, USA. Mrs. Newcomb was buried at West Point, N. Y., on July 7, 1937.

NEVLANDS—Died at St. Luke's Home for Aged Women, New York, N. Y., July 4, Miss Mary R. Newlands, in her 90th year. Miss Newlands was for 20 years postmistress at West Point, retiring in 1925. Burial at West Point, N. Y.

PETERSON—Died at Rochelle, Ill., June 25, 1937, Capt. Robert Peterson, USA-Ret.

SCANLAN—Died at Cornwall General Hospital, Cornwall, N. Y., July 6, 1937, Mrs. Cella Sieber, wife of S. Sgt. Cornelius T. Scanlan, USA-Ret. Interment was at the Post Cemetery, West Point, N. Y.

WAGNER—Died at Pittsburgh, Pa., June 29, 1937, Mr. Arthur L. Wagner, son of the late Col. Arthur L. Wagner. He is survived by his mother, his widow, Winifred Williams, and his sisters, Mrs. William K. Naylor, Mrs. Nellie S. Brown, Mrs. L. Haviland Nelson, and Mrs. W. Dickinson Shields.

WITTENMYER—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., July 3, 1937, Maj. Gen. Edmund Wittenmyer, USA-Ret.

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MERCHANT MARINE

Shipping Subsidies

Following are the estimated subsidies under operating contracts signed this week by the U. S. Maritime Commission as compared to the estimated mail pay the Government would have paid under the old arrangements.

Company	Net Estimated Subsidy for Six Months	Estimated Mail Pay Six Months
American Diamond Lines, Inc.	\$179,768.00	\$448,000
American Scantic Line, Inc.	234,500.00	468,000
American So. African Line, Inc.	97,500.00	149,000
Atl. & Caribbean Steam. Nav. Co.	100,000.00	178,500
Baltimore Mail Steamship Co.	233,168.00	617,300
Colombian Steamship Co., Inc.	101,430.00	320,500
Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.	98,133.50	216,652
Export Steamship Corp., The	466,000.00	740,500
Grace Lines, Inc.	650,000.00	808,540
Lykes Brothers (group)	814,940.00	1,390,000
Mississippi Shipping Co., Inc.	186,600.00	326,000
N. Y. & Cuba Mail Steamship Co.	205,200.00	450,500
Oceanic Steamship Co., The	287,300.00	486,500
Pac. Argentine Brazil Line, Inc.	133,040.00	126,000
South Atlantic Steamship Co.	108,000.00	156,400
United States Lines, Inc.	750,000.00	1,161,500
Total	\$4,645,579.50	\$8,058,982

Current American Shipbuilding

On June 1, 1937, American shipyards were building, or had under contract to build, for private shipowners, exclusive of vessels previously launched, 319 vessels aggregating 379,940 gross tons, compared with 309 vessels aggregating 341,914 gross tons on May 1, 1937. The following tables, compiled by the Bureau of

Marine Inspection and Navigation, Department of Commerce, show the number of vessels of steel and wood of 100 gross tons and over, under construction or contract for private shipowners on June 1, 1937:

Steam and Motor-Steel—Seagoing, 1,000 gross tons and over 40 vessels totaling 268,032 tons; All coasts, 100 to 999 gross tons, 17 totaling 5,439 tons.

Unrigged-Steel—All coasts, 100 gross tons and over, 250 totaling 103,289 tons.

Steam and Motor-Wood—All coasts, 100 gross tons and over, 11 totaling 2,980 tons.

Unrigged-Wood—All coasts, 100 gross tons and over, 1 of 200 tons.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since July 2, 1937.

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—John B. Johnson, Cav., No. 10. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—Karl F. Baldwin, CAC, No. 14. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Charles K. Wing, CAC, No. 15.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Wilhelm D. Styer, CE, No. 11. Last nomination to the grade of Lt. Col.—Stanley E. Reinhart, FA, No. 17. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—Notley Y. DuHamel, CE, No. 18.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Thomas H. Ramsey, QMC, No. 18. Last nomination to the grade of Major—Abraham R. Ginsburgh, (FA), JAGD, No. 26. Vacancies—None. Senior Capt.—Elijah G. Arnold, Inf., No. 27.

Last promotion to the grade of Capt.—Joseph G. Hopkins, AC, No. 207.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—John B. Richardson, Jr., Inf., No. 233.

Non-Promotion List

Medical Corps
4 Majors promoted to Lt. Colonels.
15 Captains promoted to Majors.

17 First Lieutenants promoted to Captains.

Dental Corps

1 Captain promoted to Major.

Veterinary Corps

2 First Lieutenants promoted to Captains.

Chaplain

1 Chaplain (1st Lt.) promoted to Chaplain (Captain).

WARRANT OFFICERS' PROMOTION LIST
Four appointments made since last report, effective July 1st. They are numbers 78, 79, 80 and 81. Number 78, on List of March 1st, Charles Budoff, has accepted. No vacancies unless one of the above numbers does not accept.

Army Enlisted Personnel

There are published below promotions made during the period between June 8, 1937, and July 8, 1937 in the grades and branches in which promotions are made by the Chief of the Arms or Services concerned.

Quartermaster Corps

MAJ. HENRY GIBBINS, The QMG.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—T. G. Cassell, D. H. Bennett.

Promoted to Staff Sergeant—Franklin R. Noles.

Medical Department

MAJ. GEN. C. R. REYNOLDS, The SG.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—Paul W. MacCoy.

Finance Department

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK W. BOSCHEN, C. of F.

Promoted to Master Sergeant—H. J. Hill.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—R. M. St. Clair.

Promoted to Staff Sergeant—G. F. Wanders.

Corps of Engineers

MAJ. GEN. E. W. MARKHAM, C. of E.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—James Rodgers.

The last man appointed to the grade of Master Sergeant was William A. Stockman.

Ordnance Department

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM W. TSCHAPPAT, C. of O.

Promoted to Master Sergeant—C. H. Marks, H. W. Shaw.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—R. H. Ackerman, D. V. Roles.

Promoted to Staff Sergeant—John P. Rigg, Conway F. Farrar.

Signal Corps

MAJ. GEN. JAMES B. ALLISON, CSO.

Promoted to Master Sergeant—Joseph F. Sullivan.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—Harold D. Sayre, Alex W. Hazuda, George B. Edelen, James R. Shaw.

Chemical Warfare Service

MAJ. GEN. CLAUDE E. BRIGHAM, C. of

CWS.

No promotions.

Air Corps

MAJ. GEN. OSCAR WESTOVER, C. of AC.

Promoted to Master Sergeant—A. H. Adams, W. J. Riley, Robert Duke, George Arnold.

Promoted to Technical Sergeant—Nasim Gessula, Michael Protivnak, Francis M. Passwaters, John S. Crocker, Harry Balacke, Andrew J. Halsey.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

July 1, 1937

The following are the last officers who either have been commissioned in or have become due for promotion to the various grades and ranks in the navy.

Line

Rear Adm. Andrew C. Pickens, Capt. Robert G. Coman, Comdr. Charles W. Styer, Lt. Comdr. Charles J. Cater, Lt. John Corbus, Lt. (jg) Charles R. Ware.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. Ulys R. Webb, Capt. Frank H. Haigler, Comdr. Joseph B. Logue, Lt. Comdr. John F. Lutten, Lt. Carl V. Green, Jr., Lt. (jg) Harold R. Berk.

Dental Corps

Capt. John R. Barber, Comdr. Henry R. Delancy, Lt. Comdr. Theodore D. Allan, Lt. Richard H. Barrett, Jr., Lt. (jg) Miller H. Cosby.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. Charles Conard, Capt. Harvey B. Ransdell, Comdr. Ray C. Sanders, Lt. Comdr. George W. Bauernschmidt, Lt. Jack O. Wheat, Lt. (jg) Richard S. Klunk, Ens. Leo J. McNulty.

Chaplain Corps

Capt. Edward A. Duff, Comdr. Albert E. Stone, Lt. Comdr. Emerson G. Hagen, Lt. David L. Quinn, Lt. (jg) Otto D. F. Herrmann.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. William P. Robert, Capt. Thomas B. Richey, Comdr. Joseph W. Fowler, Lt. Comdr. Milo R. Williams, Lt. Marvin H. Glantz, Lt. (jg) Robert E. Garrels.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. Reuben E. Bakenhus, Capt. Henry G. Taylor, Comdr. Kendall B. Bragg, Lt. Comdr. Henry P. Needham, Lt. Alexander S. C. Wadsworth, Lt. (jg) Raymond Lamoreaux.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

June 24, 1937

Last commissioned Last to make number

Major General

Louis McC. Little Louis McC. Little

Brigadier General

James J. Meade James J. Meade

Colonel

Joseph A. Rossell Joseph A. Rossell

Lieutenant Colonel

William B. Croka William B. Croka

Major

John Kaluf William F. Brown

Captain

William A. Willis John S. Holmberg

First Lieutenant

Reynolds H. Hayden John E. Weber

Admiral Porterfield Retired

Rear Adm. Lewis B. Porterfield, was commissioned a rear admiral on the retired list of the Navy on July 1, 1937, on the date of his retirement from active service on account of physical disability. Selected for advancement to rear admiral on the active list, Admiral Porterfield failed physically for such promotion and became entitled to the rank of rear admiral under the provisions of law which give higher rank on retirement to those officers who were especially commended for their conduct in combat with the enemy during the War.

Financial Digest

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shows the following principal changes for the week ended June 30: An increase of \$23,000,000 in commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans and a decrease of \$44,000,000 in loans to banks; decreases of \$73,000,000 in holdings of United States Government obligations and \$37,000,000 in "Other securities;" a decrease of \$103,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted; an increase of \$110,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks; and a decrease of \$38,000,000 in borrowings.

Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans increased \$14,000,000 in the New York district, \$8,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$23,000,000 at all re-

FINANCE

porting member banks. Loans to brokers and dealers increased \$20,000,000 in the New York district and declined \$10,000,000 in the Philadelphia district, all reporting member banks showing a net increase of \$3,000,000 for the week. Loans to banks declined \$39,000,000 in the New York district and \$44,000,000 at all reporting member banks. "Other loans" increased \$9,000,000 in the New York district and \$14,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations declined \$18,000,000 in the New York district, \$17,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$73,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government declined \$8,000,000. Holdings of "Other securities" declined \$28,000,000 in the New York district and \$37,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

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Twenty Years as an Attaché

Colonel T. Bentley Mott, USA-Ret., has compressed a life-time of reminiscence within the cover of a book which he has entitled "Twenty Years as Military Attaché (Oxford University Press). With delightful insouciance, his fluid pen rambles through the peace and wars of the past forty years. He makes us see the Virginia of his boyhood, the old "Mammy" guarding him from the deserved wrath of his father. He takes us to the West Point which he is so anxious to have improved. We go with him to the Philippines and witness the capture of Manila, and learn to our astonishment that the British vessels there did not upanchor and steam between the bullying German squadron and Dewey's command. When at West Point, he wrote down the steps he hoped to achieve in his profession: (1) Instructor in tactics at West Point. (2) Aide-de-camp on General Merritt's staff. (3) Military Attaché at Paris. Evidently he is happy in the fact that he realized all three ambitions. After graduation and service as company officer, he attended the Artillery School at Ft. Monmouth. From the School he went to West Point as an instructor in military tactics. With General Merritt as aide he saw Chicago and Manila and Paris, and with General Greene he was stationed in Havana. From the Cuban City we find him moving to the station he had wanted—Paris—that city of his dreams in which he perfected himself, though he was not aware of it for the important role he was to perform during the World War. General Pershing wanted him on the staff he was creating to take to France, but Elihu Root, who the author believes was sent to Russia by President Wilson to get rid of him, demanded his services. So we have a picture of the able Root moulding his mission into a happy family, seeking to keep Russia in the war, and formulating a plan to this end which the President never noticed. This job performed to the enthusiastic satisfaction of Root and the members of the Mission, Colonel Mott was requisitioned by General Pershing. To Italy after the Caporetto disaster he went with French and British Armies, and there he found time to attend an admirable course of instruction at Verona which the French had arranged, an example which Italian officers followed. The rough handling the Italians had experienced, the German march through the British lines in the spring of 1918, the fear of defeat which permeated the British and French governments and their armies, brought about the selection of Foch as Allied Commander-in-Chief; and General Pershing designated Mott as his liaison with the French leader. We know the selection proved of incalculable value to the harassed commander of the AEF. Classmates at West Point, the two men thoroughly understood each other. The one demanded frankness, the other gave it. A service of nine years with French armies prior to the war made Mott not only familiar with French procedure and methods, but had developed through his charming personality friendships which placed him in especially cordial relations with the Marshal and commanders of the French Armies—Joffre, Petain, Gouraud, Weygand, and others. Mott, too, knew the Tiger, his vindictive temper, Lloyd George and other politicians, and, especially, did he know the French people, their capacity for endurance, and their ability as soldiers. His tact, his knowledge of colloquial French, and his sound judgment, these were the qualities he offered for General Pershing's use; and how well he employed them, while not set forth in Mott's book, for he is modest, everyone at Chaumont in those critical days knew. In the position he occupied, Colonel Mott necessarily became aware of the herculean nature of the complex task given to General Pershing, the feeding, clothing, equipment, fighting of more than 2,000,000 men, the difficulties put in his way by the French and British in the formation of American Armies, his embarrassing relations with Foch, who was "constantly obliged to

THE U. S. COAST GUARD

The cutter *Itasca*, under command of Commander Warner K. Thompson, and with a complement of 112 officers and men, is maintaining the best traditions of the Coast Guard service in her arduous duty off Howland Island in connection with the search for Amelia Earhart and Fred Noonan. She has been at sea for 25 days, on short rations for part of that time.

Lt. Comdr. George McCabe, and Lt. R. R. Smith are on a tour of inspection of the lifesaving facilities in the Cleveland and Chicago areas.

Capt. R. C. Weightman has taken over as Chief of Personnel at Coast Guard Headquarters in Washington.

The Pan-American Air Clippers have become a part of the Coast Guard Ice Patrol system. Capt. Gray of Pan-America having transmitted the first report on Wednesday, July 7. He reported to the cutter *General Greene* the sighting of an iceberg on a routine hop across the North Atlantic.

The 10 per cent cut in expenditures requested by the President will be accomplished by the Coast Guard in a

general shaving down of expenses all along the line.

The Coast Guard has been commended by the Boy Scout Jamboree Committee for its efficient establishment and handling of a system of communications at the Jamboree camp in Washington. The cutters *Apache* and *Bibb* have been active in assisting the Sea Scouts in the program of races at the Jamboree.

Capt. J. S. Hottell has been relieved as Commandant of the New York Division, and has gone to his new post as Commandant of the Ft. Trumbull Training School.

The Jamboree also provided an opportunity for a Coast Guard Lifesaving crew from the Norfolk division, under command of Chief Boatswain John A. Midgett, to demonstrate latest rescue devices.

Commander W. N. Derby represented the Coast Guard as a member of the Jamboree Committee.

Albert A. Lawrence has been nominated to be a professor, with the rank of lieutenant, at the Coast Guard Academy.

Aircraft for the Navy

BY REAR ADM. A. B. COOK, USN
Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics

THE Bureau of Aeronautics of the Navy Department is the agency charged with and responsible for all that relates to the design, construction, fitting out, testing, repair and alterations of Naval and Marine Corps aircraft and, except as specifically assigned to other cognizance, instruments, equipment and accessories pertaining thereto. In addition, the Bureau provides aircraft in accordance with approved operating force plans, and maintains all aeronautic shore establishments of the Navy and Marine Corps.

A major portion of the funds under the cognizance of the Bureau is used to provide aircraft and equipment, for the operating forces, of the maximum efficiency, reliability and consequent usefulness. The standards of performance demanded and secured by the Navy for its airplanes are in accordance with what experience and tests have shown to be the most desirable for its peculiar needs. Ever increasing high speeds have increased the take-off run and landing speed, both of which have necessitated careful and intensive study to adapt these features to aircraft carrier operations. So successfully has this adaptation been accomplished that carrier aircraft now compare favorably in performance with landplanes of similar size which operate entirely from fields ashore.

In order to procure the best available airplanes for the money expended it is necessary to keep not merely abreast but ahead of current development in aviation. Funds are therefore expended for experimentation to insure that the airplanes secured shall be the best, not only in the United States but the whole world.

In procuring aircraft for the Navy an effort is made to distribute the orders among as many aircraft manufacturing plants as possible, wherever it is consistent with legal requirements. This method serves not only to encourage the industry but to insure that in the event of a national emergency a well organized aircraft industry capable of rapid expansion to meet the unusual and im-

mediate needs of the military services will be in existence.

The increase in appropriations in recent years for "Aviation, Navy" is due, partly, to the fact that the cost of airplanes and engines has increased materially, the better performance which has been developed necessitating better and therefore more expensive materials; to the increased number of airplanes and engines necessary properly to equip with aircraft the surface ships authorized under the Vinson-Trammell Bill; to the increased number of planes for the training ashore of the additional pilots authorized; and to the equipping of the new patrol squadrons which have been organized. Additionally, new planes must be procured to replace those worn out in service or lost in crashes.

There is an important point which should be borne in mind when discussing expenditures for naval equipment and that is the fact that the money is well spent, for the benefits extend far beyond the limits of the naval service. Besides making possible the building up and maintenance of a vital part of our national defense, it aids tremendously in the development of national and international means of communication, which are necessary to national prosperity, brings business prosperity to hundreds of allied industries and employment to thousands of men and women of this country.

Sets Typing Speed Record

Typists in the armed services are much interested in the remarkable speed of 141 net words per minute set by Albert Tangora, using a Royal typewriter, in the International Commercial Schools contest June 25. Tangora's speed set a world's record.

SUBSCRIBE NOW—you can't afford to be without the Army and Navy Journal.

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WANTED

Retired soldier, good character, as steward and bartender, Officers Club. Adequate quarters for small family. For details write Lieut. Metzler, Fort Hancock, New Jersey.

ESTATES FOR SALE

95 acres mostly wooded, some good timber, beautiful stream, fine building sites, nearly one-half mile frontage on Lee Highway, 19 miles from Washington, a sacrifice, at \$42.50 per acre. H. B. Mitchell, Herndon, Virginia, Phone 135.

FOR RENT

2204 Decatur Place. Attractive house in Washington's finest residential section. Convenient. Four bedrooms, two modern baths (showers). Screened porch. New oil burner.

SUMMER RENTAL

Small Georgian house. Large living room, garden, four bedrooms, two baths. \$160 per month. Telephone West 0075.

WOMEN'S SCHOLARSHIP VACANCY

Daughters of the Cincinnati, postgraduate scholarship at Teacher's College, Columbia University—available to the daughters of Commissioned Officers of the United States Army and Navy. Write Mrs. John Claffin, Morristown, New Jersey.

HOUSE FOR RENT

Adjoining Army golf club, 1312 22nd, Arlington Ridge, 11 large rooms, (24 by 14), three baths. \$135. Potomac 0008. A. M.-9 P. M.

COUNTRY HOMES

Breton's Bay, excellent sand beach, safe harbor; modern house (good condition), 7 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, electric light, artesian well; 64-acre well cultivated farm. \$13,000.

Request list Maryland and Virginia properties. Leonard Snider, La Plata, Maryland.

request a subordinate to give him something he wanted, and the subordinate rarely found it possible to accede wholeheartedly." Discussed in a most enlightening way are the efforts of Clemenceau to have Pershing relieved from his command, which the author attributes to the latter's insistence upon American autonomy, the French premier using the same methods which he had applied so successfully to break Joffre and at an earlier time, Foch. As to Pershing's conduct of the AEF, Colonel Mott writes: "It seems astonishing that one man could have given his personal attention to so much detail while directing a whole of this magnitude. . . . The impulse of his mind and the influence of his presence were felt in every division. I do not believe that the whole War offers another example of direct personal manipulation of so large a mass of men. . . . We would have to go back to Napoleon to find a General more completely the master of a million soldiers." As to who won the war, Colonel Mott says "we did not win the War; but we did prevent the Allies from losing it." With this conclusion no one can disagree.

Great figures arise from Colonel Mott's pen, and the little incidents he so trenchantly describes, makes us realize more definitely the part they play in history. The book will be of absorbing interest to its readers, and will be of inestimable value also to the historian. Colonel Mott is to be congratulated upon this addition to the literary work which has added laurels to those he has won as an officer of the United States Army.

Aid Peace-Time Veterans

The House Pension Committee this week reported a bill which repeals all provisions of law denying pensions to veterans employed by the Government. Under the terms of existing law, peace-time veterans, employed by the Government were denied full pension rights.

Director Fechner Confirmed

The appointment of Mr. Robert Fechner as Director of the Civilian Conservation Corps was confirmed by the Senate, July 1. Director Fechner has been serving as head of Emergency Conservation Work, which agency now takes on the name of the field organization.

Army Mutual Aid Association

During the week seven officers joined the Association and three members increased their insurance to \$6,000.

Pass Navy Bill

The House yesterday passed the Naval Auxiliary authorization bill and the bill for the Washington Naval Hospital.

CLUB MANOR ESTATES

Highly restricted development of fine homes adjoining Army Navy Country Club—Ideal community for Officers of the Services. Elevation 400 feet, three ways to Departments in 5 minutes. Home 15 to 25% lower than elsewhere, low taxes. Write or phone for full information and list of Officer residents. 2331 S. Meade St., Arlington, Va. (Jackson 1842).



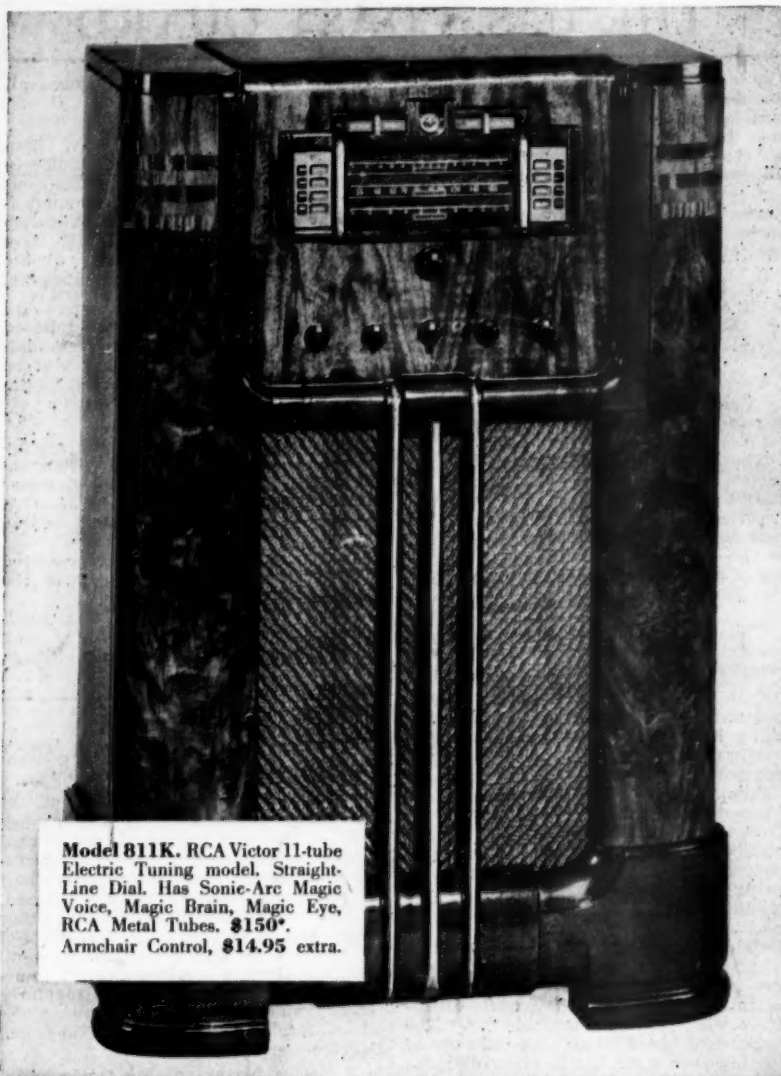
ARMCHAIR CONTROL

Tune your favorite stations from your favorite chair. Simply push a button to change about from station to station. Every program is tuned as if an engineer did it for you. You can put this control box where you please, and can move it about from one place in the room to another, or from one room to another.

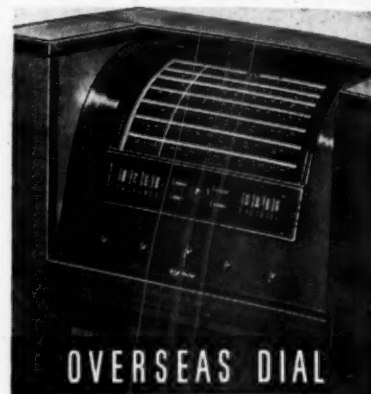


SONIC-ARC MAGIC VOICE

Thousands have acclaimed the Magic Voice as radio's finest. But RCA Victor engineers have made it still more tone-full by new simplified Sonic-Arc Tone Chamber built like a band shell. This construction sends all sounds out in a smooth flow toward the listener. No booming. No distortion. No false sounds.

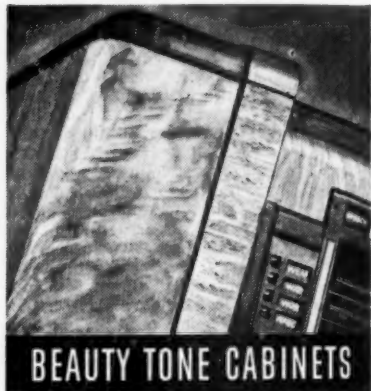


Model 811K. RCA Victor 11-tube Electric Tuning model. Straight-Line Dial. Has Sonic-Arc Magic Voice, Magic Brain, Magic Eye, RCA Metal Tubes. \$150*. Armchair Control, \$14.95 extra.



OVERSEAS DIAL

Seven tuning bands, each over 9½ inches wide. Foreign and other short wave stations are 50 times farther apart than on ordinary dials. The world's radio stations are spread across bands that have a total length of four feet. This means that short wave stations, both American and foreign, are as easy to tune as standard.



BEAUTY TONE CABINETS

RCA Victor cabinets made by skilled craftsmen in world's largest musical cabinet shop, combine beauty of appearance and tone. They are designed as a part of a musical instrument, and their shapes, proportions and construction contribute to tone quality. Only RCA Victor offers the Beauty-Tone Cabinets.

RCA Victor Electric Tuning

RADIO'S NEWEST THRILL!

See great new features in this 11-tube Sonic-Arc Magic Voice set—one of the most superb radios RCA Victor has built in 39 years as a maker of fine instruments

YOU'VE always wanted an automatic receiving set. You've known it would double your radio fun. Now you can have it! As usual with great advances in radio, it's an RCA Victor feature. With it you tune the new Sonic-Arc Magic Voice by pushing a button. It's easy as pushing an electric light button. It's so fascinating that the moment you see it you'll want to trade in your present set.

Here's another luxury feature! For a few dollars extra you can have the added thrill of Armchair Control, allowing you to tune the set from across the room or from an adjoining room.

And in addition, RCA Victor gives

you the exciting New Overseas Dial. It spreads short wave stations out 50 times farther apart than before. The seven bands on this great dial spread the world's radio stations out across bands totaling four feet in width. There is no crowding on any band. Foreign stations are as easy to tune as domestic.

New excitement all along the line Tuning improvement in 1938 RCA Victor models goes right through the 39 new instruments. Of course RCA Victor can lead the world in radio design. Alone among set makers, RCA Victor also builds radio stations. Through their knowledge of modern broadcasting RCA Victor engineers have built

into these new models improvements that let you tune in the full fidelity of the newest, largest radio stations.

Ask your dealer for proof

Hear these sets at your RCA Victor dealer's. Ask him to tell you, as a radio expert, and as a man who knows musical instruments, the importance of buying a radio that's "RCA All The Way."

You can buy RCA Victor radios on C. I. T. Easy Payment Plan! Any radio is better with an RCA Antenna System. *All prices f. o. b. Camden, N. J., subject to change without notice.

RCA presents the "Magic Key" every Sunday, 2 to 3 P. M., E. D. T., on NBC Blue Network.



Model 85T1... a smart chest model for entertainment from all over the world. New "Easy-to-read" dial simplifies tuning. A 2-band, 5-tube superheterodyne of fine volume and tone. Five and one-half inch dynamic speaker, automatic volume control. Only \$32.95*

RCA Victor

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